

Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany) Environmental Management System

2023 Annual Environmental Management Report (DA494)

Reporting Period: 1 January to 31 December 2023



Courtesy of Bob Wood – OOCL Texas berthed at berth 6, Patrick Port Botany Terminal, 2017



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- The Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP or Operational EMP) is maintained and up-todate.
- The current version of the OEMP is readily available to all Managers, employees, and key stakeholders; and
- A copy of this report is retained for a minimum of seven years.

Listed below are the for this document.

Document History						
Version No.	Page No.	Issue Date	Description of Amendment(s)	Prepared By	Approved By	
1	All	29 February 2024	Initial report.	Natalie Cerda & Marie Gibbs	Bruce Guy	

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Title Block

Name of Operation:		Patrick, Sydney Autostrad Terminal	
		(Port Botany Terminal)	
Nam	ne of Operator:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Limited	
Cons	sents / Licences:	Listed below	
1.	Development consent / project approval:	Port Botany Expansion, DA 494-11-2003-i (MOD 17)	
	Name of holder of development consent /	NSW Ports	
	project approval:	(Transferred from the former Sydney Ports Corporation)	
2.	Environmental Protection Licence (EPL):	EPL 6962	
	Name of holder of EPL:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Limited	
3.	Consent to Discharge Industrial Trade	24990	
	Wastewater:		
	Name of the consent holder:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Limited	
4.	Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule:	40110	
	Name of permit holder	Patrick Stevedores	
Date	the Site was deemed Operational:	4 February 2016	
Ann	ual Review start date:	1 January 2023	
Annual Review end date:		31 December 2023	

I, Natalie Cerda, certify that this audit report is a true and accurate record of the compliance status of the Patrick Stevedores, Port Botany Terminal for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and that I am authorised to make this statement on behalf of the Patrick Port Botany Terminal.

Note:

- a) The Annual Review is an 'environmental audit' for the purposes of section 122B(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. Section 122E provides that a person must not include false or misleading information (or provide information for inclusion in) an audit report produced to the Minister in connection with an environmental audit if the person knows that the information is false or misleading in a material respect. The maximum penalty is, in the case of a corporation, \$1 million and for an individual \$250,000.
- b) The Crimes Act 1900 contains other offences relating to false and misleading information: section 192G (Intention to defraud by false or misleading statement maximum penalty 5 years imprisonment); sections 307A, 307B, and 307C (False or misleading applications/information/ documents maximum penalty 2 years imprisonment or \$22,000 or both.)

Name of authorised reporting officer:	Natalie Cerda
Title of authorised reporting officer:	HSE Manager
Signature of authorised reporting officer:	O1- Corola
Date:	29 February 2024

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Acronyms and Glossary

Term	Definition
ACCC	Australian Competition & Consumer Commission
ACR	Annual Compliance Report (as per DA453) – included in a combined report with the
	Annual Environmental Management Report (as per DA494)
AEMR	Annual Environmental Management Report (for DA494) – also includes the Annual
	Compliance Report (for DA453)
ARMG	Automated Rail Mounted Gantry Crane
AutoStrad	Automated Straddle Carrier – a mobile plant remotely controlled
Auto Yard or	Fenced off area where containers are stored between being loaded onto trucks or
Automated Yard	loaded onto vessels. When in operation only Auto Strads and containers occupy this
	area. In the event access is required the Auto Strads are noded out.
BIRP	Biosecurity Incident Response Plan
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Council	Bayside City Council comprises of Botany and Rockdale Councils. Further references to
	the former Botany and Randwick Councils remain throughout.
CoA	Conditions of Approval
DA	Development Application
Development	• DA-453-12-2002-i
Consents	• DA-494-11-2003-i
DG	Dangerous Goods
DPE	NSW Department of Planning and Environment
DPIE	NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (formerly DPE)
DSEWPC	Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (refer
	to Australian Government - Department of the Environment and Energy)
ESC	Environment, Sustainability & Compliance
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
ERP	Environmental Response Plan
EPA	Environment Protection Authority
EPL	Environment Protection Licence
EPBC	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999
FRNSW	Fire and Rescue NSW
HAZMAT	Hazardous Materials
HSE	Health, Safety & Environment
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods (Code)
INC	Incident
MOD	Modification
NPWS	NSW National Parks & Wildlife Service
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OEMP	Operation Environmental Management Plan



Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany) 2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Term	Definition
OOG	Out of gauge
РВ	Port Botany
PBE	Port Botany Expansion
PBCCC	Port Botany Community Consultative Committee
PBROG	Port Botany Rail Optimisation Group
PBRT	Port Botany Road Taskforce
POEO Act	Protection of the Environment Operations Act
Quay Crane	Purpose built crane mounted on rails on the wharf and can move along the wharf on
	these rails. Used for loading and unloading cargo from vessels onto the wharf or in the
	back reach of the crane into the Automated Yard.
Reach Stacker	Mobile plant used to pick up and carry containers with its telescopic arm and spreader.
	Used to handle OOG cargo, rail cargo on and off wagons.
SAT	Sydney Autostrad Terminal
Secretary	Prior to DA 494 MOD 16 the DPE referred to this position/office as Director-General.
SEPP (Three Ports)	Department of Planning, Industry and Environment (NSW).
	The data represents Height of Building, Land Zoning, Special Provision, Lease Area,
	Referral Area, Additional Permitted Uses for State Environmental Planning Policy (Three
	Ports) 2013
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SPC	Sydney Ports Corporation
Spreader	A device used by quay cranes, Auto Strads or reach stackers which enables the mobile
	plant to lift, lock on to and carry containers safely.
TEU	Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit – the acceptable measure of container through-put and
	equal to 1x 20-foot (6.1m) long container i.e., 1x 40-foot container is equal to 2 TEU.

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1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Overall Assessment

The purpose of the Annual Environmental Management Report (DA494) (AEMR) is to undertake the necessary assessment and review of compliance, and the effectiveness of environmental management and mitigation works required. This AEMR has been prepared for the preceding twelve-month period (1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023) in accordance with the requirements of:

• CoA 494, C4.2 – Annual Environmental Management Report

The overall assessment of the environmental performance for this reporting period demonstrated a high level of compliance with the relevant conditions of the development approval (DA-494), Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) predictions, EPA Licence, trade waste consents and key performance indicators at the terminal.

Table 1.1: Statement of Compliance

Were all conditions of the relevant approval complied with?	YES / NO
Development Consent DA-494-11-2003i MOD 17 (19 September 2019)	No
Environmental Protection Licence No. 6962 (1 September 2020)	Yes
Consent to Discharged Industrial Trade Wastewater No. 24990 (19 June 2023)	Yes
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule, Permit No. 40110 (18 April 2019)	Yes

Note: DA-453 compliance is reported separately in the 2023 - Annual Compliance Report,

1.2 Non-Compliance

Applying the Compliance Status Key (Figure 1.2) the conditions of the above approvals which are non-compliances are identified in Table 1.3 below.

Table 1.2: Compliance Status Key

Risk Level	Colour Code	Description
High	Non-	Non-compliance with potential for significant environmental consequences,
	compliant	regardless of the likelihood of occurrence
Medium	Non- compliant	 Non-compliance with: potential for serious environmental consequences, but is unlikely to occur; or potential for moderate environmental consequences, but is likely to occur
Low	Non- compliant	Non-compliance with: • potential for moderate environmental consequences, but is unlikely to occur; or • potential for low environmental consequences, but is likely to occur
Administrative non- compliance	Non- compliant	Only to be applied where the non-compliance does not result in any risk of environmental harm (e.g., submitting a report to government later than required under approval conditions)

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Table 1.3: 2023 AEMR (DA-494) non-Compliances

Relevant Approval	Cond. #	Condition Description (Summary)	Compliance Status Note 1	Comment	Where addressed in AEMR
DA 494	C2.13	Condition C2.13 states that management of waste must be in accordance with the environment protection licence issued by EPA under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997. Note: This non-compliance arises from the same issue as for DA 494 Condition C2.13A.	Non-Compliant	 Non-compliance 2020: Note: This non-compliance arises from the same issue as for DA 494 condition C2.13A. Whilst a request was made by the Auditor, no evidence was provided by the Auditee to demonstrate that: Solid waste tyres were being directed to waste facilities lawfully permitted to receive waste Waste tyres being tracked in accordance with the POEO Waste Regulation. It was observed that the Patrick waste register previously used to track waste types, volumes, transporters and destinations etc is incomplete for the 2020 audit period. 2023 Audit Finding Update Whilst it is understood that the EPA's WasteLocate app continued to suffer issues, the Auditor requested evidence to show that waste tyres had been tracked for the 2023 calendar year. No evidence was provided. 	Section 5.2, Section 10.1, Appendix A

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Relevant Cond. Approval #	Condition Description (Summary)	Compliance Status Note 1	Comment	Where addressed in AEMR
DA 494 C2.13A	The management of waste for uses and activities not subject to an Environmental Protection Licence, shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with the Protection of the Environment Operation (Waste) Regulation 2005 and the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECCW 2009), or any future guideline that may supersede that document. All waste materials removed from the site shall only be directed to a waste management facility lawfully permitted to accept the materials. Note: This non-compliance arises from the same issue as for DA 494 Condition C2.13.	Non-Compliant	 Non-compliance 2020: Note: This non-compliance arises from the same issue as for DA 494 condition C2.13A. Whilst a request was made by the Auditor, no evidence was provided by the Auditee to demonstrate that: Solid waste tyres were being directed to waste facilities lawfully permitted to receive waste Waste tyres being tracked in accordance with the POEO Waste Regulation. It was observed that the Patrick waste register previously used to track waste types, volumes, transporters and destinations etc is incomplete for the 2020 audit period. 2023 Audit Finding Update Whilst it is understood that the EPA's WasteLocate app continued to suffer issues, the Auditor requested evidence to show that waste tyres had been tracked for the 2023 calendar year. No evidence was provided. 	Section 5.2, Section 10.1, Appendix A

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1.3 Contact Details for Key Personnel

Names and contact details for the key personnel who are responsible for the environmental management of the operation (terminal) are:

Ms Natalie Cerda

Health, Safety and Environment Manager
Patrick, Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany)
Gate B105A, Penrhyn Road (Inter-Terminal Access Road)
Banksmeadow NSW 2019

Mobile: 0404 117 986

Approved by:

Terminal Manager

Email: n.cerda@patrick.com.au

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2. INTRODUCTION

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2.1 Overall Site Location

The Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal (SAT) is located at Penrhyn Road (Inter Modal Access Road), in the suburb of Banksmeadow (NSW 2019) which borders the boundary with the suburb of Port Botany (NSW 2036). Foreshore Road and Botany Road are located to the north and Brotherson Dock to the south. Figure 2.1.1 below provides an overview of the site context which is comprised of approximately 63 hectares of land.

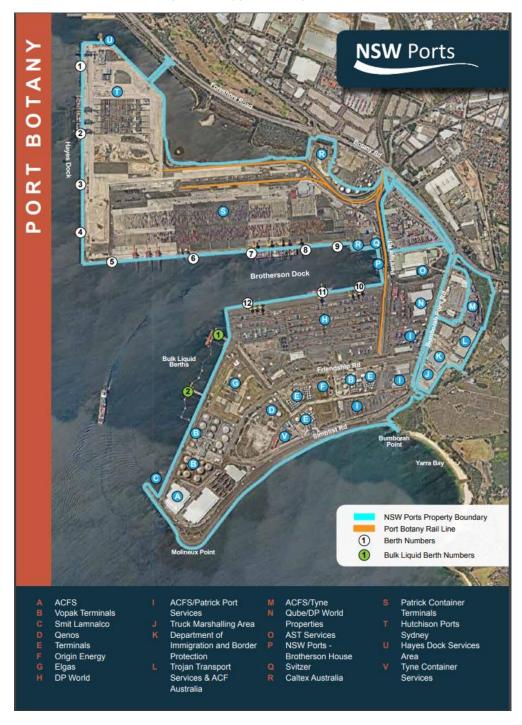


Figure 2.1.1: Location of the Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal at Port Botany

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Approved by:

Terminal Manager

Patrick's terminal, approximately 45 hectares, was further expanded due to the NSW Port's (applicant) Port Botany Expansion Project which added a further 18 hectares (The Knuckle i.e., Berth 6) to the Patrick terminal layout making a total of 63 hectares.

In April 2015, the terminal replaced its manual straddle fleet with automated straddles (Autostrad) operating within a fenced automated yard.



Figure 2.12: Layout of Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany)

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2.2 Key Structure Elements

The Patrick SAT comprises of the original terminal (DA-453) and 'The Knuckle' (Berth 6, DA-494) and the following key structural elements:

- a) Quay line 1400 metres,
- b) Depth alongside quay line ranges from approximately 14 to 17 metres,
- c) Berths four (4),
- d) Quay Cranes nine (9),
- e) Automated Straddles 56,
- f) Automated Rail Gantry Cranes three (3),
- g) Onsite import and export container yard including power units for refrigerated containers,
- h) Onsite empty container handling facility (Cargo Link),
- i) Truck Grids 24 lanes in operating for discharging or loading containers,
- j) Rail siding length 750m of approach tracks and 4 x 300m of workable siding (1200m)
- k) Heavy duty pavement and roadways,
- Stormwater drainage infrastructure including pumps, pollution control devices, trenching and kerbing,
- m) Light tower foundations light, radar, and camera poles,
- n) Maintenance offices, workshop, cleaning bays, refuelling station,
- o) Administration Building and Tower offices, amenities, facilities (security, first aid, canteen; and
- p) Workforce and visitor car parking areas.

2.3 Overview of Key Activities

The key activities carried out at the terminal include:

- Loading and unloading containers and breakbulk cargoes to and from ships,
- Marshalling and short-term storage of import, export and empty containers, and breakbulk cargoes,
- Handling of containers and breakbulk cargoes to and from road transport,
- Handling of containers and breakbulk cargoes to and from rail transport; and
- Site equipment service, maintenance, and refuelling activities.

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2.4 Overall Site Operation

The terminal operates 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Operations undertaken within the site boundary include:

- <u>Truck processing and container exchange activities:</u> Road transport trucks enter the terminal, access the
 Truck Grid, and reverse into truck lanes where they are either loaded or unloaded by an auto straddle. An
 empty container exchange area is located parallel to Penrhyn Road (eastern side of the terminal), and an
 empty container park at the rear of the terminal's rail siding. Road transport trucks enter the Terminal from
 Penrhyn Road via Gate B110 and are unloaded by heavy forklifts.
- Rail siding activities: Freight locomotives are serviced along the rail siding parallel to Penrhyn Road (northern side of the site). Locomotives enter the site from the north-east. Loading and unloading of rolling stock is serviced by three Automated Rail Mounted Gantry Cranes (ARMGs) located at the rear of the rail siding. The containers are loaded/unloaded via the ARMGs directly into the automated yard where they are collected and stacked by auto straddles (i.e., autostrads). Phase 2 of the AutoRail project (part of the approval granted via the SEPP (Three Ports) 2013 process) will see the rail siding and intermediate stacking area (ISA) extended to a total 600m in length in 2024.
- <u>Automated container yard activities:</u> Containers transit through the terminal via an automated yard. Current operations provide a storage capacity of approximately 5,000 ground slots, with an average of 4,000–8,000 containers located in the yard at any one time (depending on the time of year). The containers are manoeuvred through the automated yard, and to and from trucks at the Truck Grids via the use of automated straddles. Approximately forty auto straddles are available for use throughout the automated yard at any given time.
- Quay crane (ship-to-shore) activities: Vessels are currently serviced at the site by nine quay cranes on Brotherson Dock. The cranes loaded and unload vessels with containers transferred to and from the automated yard by auto straddles.
- Maintenance activities: Routine maintenance on equipment and plant is carried out in the purpose-built workshop, and when required on mobile plant in-situ e.g., quay cranes. Refuelling and conducting repairs mobile plant.

Areas surrounding the site comprises of industrial, port related, commercial, residential, and recreational land uses.

2.5 Changes to Key Structural Elements and Operations During the Preceding Year

During the preceding twelve-month period (i.e., 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2023), the following changes were made to key structural elements and site operations:

- Relocated the diesel trans-tanks, refuelling area, and the associated stormwater management system.
- The AutoRail project continued in 2023 with the redevelopment of the truck grids, and extending the rail siding. These works will continue in 2024 with the rail siding extended to a total 600m in length, new paving inside the auto yard adjacent to the rail siding, and the installation of a locomotive shifter.

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3. APPROVALS

Table 3.1 below lists all the approvals currently held by Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Ltd which are relevant to the terminal's operations and any changes made to those approvals during the reporting period.

Table 3.1: Approvals for the Patrick Port Botany Terminal (including The Knuckle, Berth 6) and changes made during reporting period (1 January to 31 December 2023)

No.	Details	Approval Name, Reference Number, Date Approved / Issued, Name of Applicant	Changes made during reporting period
1	Development Consent:	DA494-11-2003-i (MOD 17, 19 September 2019)	
	Applicant:	NSW Ports	No change
	Issued by	Department of Planning, Industry and Environment	
2	Development Consent:	DA453-12-2002-i (MOD 8, 22 May 2014)	
	Applicant:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Ltd	No change
	Issued by	Department of Planning, Industry and Environment	
3	Environmental Protection Licence:	EPL 6962 (Notice of Variation of Licence – (1 Sep 2020)	
	Applicant:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Ltd	No change
	Issued by:	NSW Environment Protection Authority	
4	Consent to Discharge Industrial Trade Wastewater Consent No.:	24990 (19 June 2023)	
	Applicant:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Ltd	Reissued by Sydney Water
	Issued By:	Sydney Water	
5	Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule, Permit No.:	40110 (18 April 2019)	
	Applicant:	Patrick Stevedores Operations Pty Ltd	No change
	Issued By:	Sydney Water Operations Pty Ltd	_

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4. OPERATIONS SUMMARY

4.1 Highlights - 2023

- The volume of TEU throughput has steadily increased since 2018, and slightly declined in 2021 before increasing in 2022 and 2023.
- The proportionate number of truck visits remains consistent in 2018, 2019, an increase in 2020 and then a slight decline in 2021. In 2022 and 2023 saw a slight increase which Patrick expects to increase as the rail extension project completes in 2024.
- The construction of the rail infrastructure to increase rail mode share commenced in 2019 and expected to be complete in 2024.
- The average truck turnaround time for 2022 was higher than the previous year, causal effect attributed to weather events and average yard volume.
- The proportionate number of truck visits during day shift, evening shift and night shift remains consistent over the past 6-years including 2023.

4.2 Next Reporting Period (forecast)

During the next reporting period, Patrick expects that operations and container volumes will remain stable with the services currently under agreement.

• The construction of the rail infrastructure commenced in 2019, the final construction phase is scheduled to be completed in 2024.

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5. ACTIONS REQUIRED FROM PREVIOUS ANNUAL REVIEW

The table below identifies any actions required as an outcome of the previous annual review (i.e., 2021) i.e., independent audit and annual environmental management report. It includes any actions that have been undertaken, which actions have been completed, and those which remain open.

5.1 Actions required from the Annual Review(s) - Completed/Closed

During the annual review, nil (0) non-compliance were closed out, refer to Table 5.1 below.

Table 5.1: Actions required from the Annual Review(s) DA-494- Completed/Closed

Audit/ Review No.	Source / Reference	Action required from Patrick's previous Annual Reviews (i.e. Independent Audit & AEMR)	Requested By	Action taken by Patrick	Who/ When	
STATUS OF	STATUS OF PREVIOUS REVIEWS: ANNUAL REVIEWS FINDINGS – COMPLETED / CLOSED at the DA-494 IEA: 2023					

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5.2 Actions required from the Annual Review(s) - Remain Open or New

During the 2023 annual review, two (2) new observations were made, with two (2) non-compliances (for the same issue) remain open, refer to Table 5.2 below.

Table 5.2: Actions required from previous Annual Reviews of DA-494 – Remain Open or New:

Audit/ Review No.	Cond. No	Action required from Patrick previous Annual Reviews (i.e., Independent Audit & AEMR)	Requested By	Action to be taken by Patrick	Who/When	Status	
STATUS OF	TATUS OF PREVIOUS REVIEWS: ANNUAL REVIEW FINDINGS – REMAIN OPEN OR NEW:						
IA2020_2 Non- compliance	DA 494, C2.13	Condition C2.13 states that management of waste must be in accordance with the environment protection licence issued by EPA under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.	Patrick, Auditor	Patrick presented correspondence records with the licensed waste transporter (Trelleborg) indicating that the tyres serial number will be recorded and sent to Molycorp 360 to help track when straddle tyres for Patrick's are sent for disposal. Trelleborg has provided a Scrap Tyre Analysis report recording the tyres serial number. Trelleborg is using Molycorp, which are an accredited participant of the TSA (Tyre Stewardship of Australia), and information has been collected as to how the tyres are being processed at end of life. Unfortunately, at the time of this report been prepared, Trelleborg has not been able to use EPA's WasteLocate app to track waste tyres as they are not an authorised tyre receiver. This was identified as a limitation on the system and has been raised with the EPA. Action: Install a process to track waste tyres in the absence of the EPA WasteLocate app not fully operating.	PBT HSE Manager & Engineering / Maintenance Manager June 2024	PARTIALLY CLOSED	

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Audit/ Review No.	Cond. No	Action required from Patrick previous Annual Reviews (i.e., Independent Audit & AEMR)	Requested By	Action to be taken by Patrick	Who/When	Status
STATUS OF	PREVIOUS	REVIEWS: ANNUAL REVIEW FINDINGS – RE	MAIN OPEN	I OR NEW: 2020		
IA2020_3 Non- compliance	DA 494, C2.13A	Condition C2.13A states that the management of waste for uses and activities not subject to an Environmental Protection Licence, shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with the Protection of the Environment Operation (Waste) Regulation 2005 and the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECCW 2009), or any future guideline that may supersede that document. All waste materials removed from the site shall only be directed to a waste management facility lawfully permitted to accept the materials.	Patrick, Auditor	Patrick presented correspondence records with the licensed waste transporter (Trelleborg) indicating that the tyres serial number will be recorded and sent to Molycorp 360 to help track when straddle tyres for Patrick's are sent for disposal. Trelleborg has provided a Scrap Tyre Analysis report recording the tyres serial number. Trelleborg is using Molycorp, which are an accredited participant of the TSA (Tyre Stewardship of Australia), and information has been collected as to how the tyres are being processed at end of life. Unfortunately, at the time of this report been prepared, Trelleborg has not been able to use EPA's WasteLocate app to track waste tyres as they are not an authorised tyre receiver. This was identified as a limitation on the system and has been raised with the EPA. Action: Install a process to track waste tyres in the absence of the EPA WasteLocate app not fully operating.	PBT HSE Manager & Engineering / Maintenance Manager June 2024	PARTIALLY CLOSED

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Audit/ Review No.	Cond. No	Action required from Patrick previous Annual Reviews (i.e., Independent Audit & AEMR)	Requested By	Action to be taken by Patrick	Who/When	Status		
STATUS OF	STATUS OF PREVIOUS REVIEWS: ANNUAL REVIEW FINDINGS – REMAIN OPEN OR NEW: 2023							
IA2023_1 Observation	DA 494, C2.12	Prior to the commencement of terminal operations, the applicant must prepare an Operational Traffic Management Plan in consultation with TfNSW (RMS), DPIE, Botany and Randwick Councils and SSROC. The Applicant shall address the requirements of these organisations in the Plan. The Applicant shall also consult with the Community Consultative Committee in preparation of the Plan. The plan must include, but not be confined to, mitigation measures identified in EIS such as: a) identification of preferred routes to minimise noise impacts on the surrounding community; b) physical and operational measures (including signage) to mitigate noise impacts from vehicles accessing and leaving the terminal; c) measures to limit the impact of traffic noise on Foreshore Road and Botany Road; d) driver education and information to promote driver habits to minimise noise; and e) timetabling, scheduling and details of vehicle booking systems. f) The plan must be submitted and approved by the Director General prior to the commencement of operations	Patrick, Auditor	The current version of the Operational Traffic Management Plan (OTMP) does not appear to have the new truck grid and straddle crane refuelling facility arrangement documented. It is understood that a more current OTMP has been drafted (a draft version, dated 14 September 2023 was sighted during the audit) but this has yet to be finalized. Action: Finalise the updates to the OTMP.	PBT HSE Manager, June 2024	OBSERVATION		

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Audit/ Review No.	Cond. No	Action required from Patrick previous Annual Reviews (i.e., Independent Audit & AEMR)	Requested By	Action to be taken by Patrick	Who/When	Status
STATUS OF IA2023_2	DA 494,	REVIEWS: ANNUAL REVIEW FINDINGS – REMAIN Prior to the commencement of operations an	OPEN OR N Patrick,	There is site induction and training	PBT HSE	OBSERVATION
Observation	C4.4	Environmental Training Program shall be developed and implemented to establish a framework in which relevant employees will be trained in environmental management and the operation of plant and equipment, including pollution control equipment, where relevant. The Program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: a) identification of relevant employment positions associated with the development that have an operational or management role related to environmental performance; b) details of appropriate training requirements for relevant employees	Auditor	material for storm pits and the new refuelling facility for the current audit period. However, the training being delivered appears to be inconsistent with that described in Section 4.3 of the OEMP. Action: Review the environmental training being delivered on site against condition C4.4 and the OEMP. Update the documented training program in the OEMP to align with the requirements of condition C4.4 and existing training being delivered.	Manager, June 2024	
		c) a program for training relevant employees in operational and/ or management issues associated with environmental performance; and	l l			
		d) a program to confirm and update environmental training and knowledge during employment of relevant persons				

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6. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

This section provides a summary of the environmental outcomes that were intended for the reporting period and detail on achieving these. Actions required as an outcome of the 2023 Annual Review have also been identified, including detail of actions undertaken and when these were completed (Refer to Section 5 and Appendices A to G).

6.1 Induction and Training

Development Consent DA 453	3.62
Development Consent DA 494	C4.4
EPA Licence 6962	NA
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	32.2.4
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.3

Performance during the reporting period

Environmental training commences when new employees and contractors start at the terminal in the form of a Site Induction, which is conducted during their first to two weeks of employment at Patrick.

Patrick continues to update the employee, contractor, and visitor inductions to ensure the information remains current, and personnel are provided with information on an ongoing basis.

Trend / key management implications

All employees and permanent contractors at the terminal are required to hold a Maritime Security Identification Card (MSIC) combined with an electronic access card. Every two years MSIC holders are required to complete the site induction.

Implemented / proposed management actions

- OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024.
- HSE Manager to periodically roll out to the Operations Manager and Engineering / Maintenance Manager environmental training related Toolbox Talks covering key issues such as noise, littering and leaks/spills.

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6.2 Environmental Reporting

Development Consent DA 4	53	3.52	
Development Consent DA 49	94	C2.20, C4.1	
EPA Licence 6962		R2.1, R2.2, R3.1, R3.2, R3.3 and R3.4	
EIS Prediction & Conclusion		28.10.1 and 32.1	
Industrial Trade Wastewate	r Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1	
Trade Wastewater Discharg	e Schedule - Permit 40110	NA	
Patrick Operational Environ	mental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.4	
Performance during the reporting period	In total 15x environment events (cross the entire terminal i.e., DA-494 and DA-453) were recorded in the Patrick incident reporting management system for tracking purposes; none required to be reported to the Department or EPA.		
Trend / key management implications	Engineering / Maintenance Department to maintain a record of waste tyres being collected for disposal in the absence of the NSW EPA WasteLocate App.		
Implemented / proposed management actions	 OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024. HSE Manager to progress with the Engineering / Maintenance Manager, the recording of waste tyres removed from the site. 		

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6.3 **Environmental Inspection and Auditing**

Development Consent DA 453	3.53 and 6.7
Development Consent DA 494	C4.5
EPA Licence 6962	NA
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	NA
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.5

Internal and external audits of the Patrick environmental management system were carried out in 2023 as per the audit schedule. The following makes the annual compliance review:

Compliance audits: Patrick is required to arrange:

- DA-453 condition 6.7 Independent Environmental Audit (every three years) and a copy must be submitted within two months of commissioning the audit.
- DA-494 condition C4.5 Environmental Auditing (annual), also assess compliance with the requirements of this consent, and other licences and approvals that apply to the development.

Performance during the reporting period

For 2023 period, two audits were conducted by an independent auditor (Derek Low, WolfPeak Pty Ltd) approved by the Secretary, on 11 January 2024.

The two audit reports will be uploaded onto the DPIE Major Projects website; and a copy of the audit report for DA-494 will be sent to NSW Ports within two weeks of receipt of the final audit report.

Annual reports: In addition, DA-453 and DA-494 require Patrick to submit -

- ACR: DA-453 condition 6.6 Annual Compliance Report
- AEMR: DA-494 condition C4.2 Annual Environmental Management Report

The two annual report (AMER and ACR) will be uploaded onto the DPIE Major website; and a copy of the AEMR for DA-494 will be sent to NSW Ports.

Trend / key management **implications**

Approved by:

Past Independent Environmental Audits have raised the different conditions in DA-494 versus DA-453, and duplication and obsolete conditions in DA-453. Patrick has prepared a draft proposed consolidation document and is waiting for details of potential major upgrade to rail area which may necessitate modification to approval conditions that could also address this finding in a consolidated manner. The Rail expansion project continued throughout 2023 and anticipated to be completed in 2024.

Implemented / proposed management actions

Terminal Manager

Further investigate with the Department the application process to modifying a consolidated consent and propose modification to two consents for which there are different applicants.

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6.4 Emergency Preparedness and Response

Development Consent DA-45	3	7.13		
Development Consent DA-49	4	NA		
EPA Licence 6962		NA		
EIS Prediction & Conclusion		NA		
Discharge Industrial Trade W	astewater, Consent 24490	NA		
Trade Wastewater Discharge	Schedule, Permit 40110	NA		
Patrick Operational Environn	nental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.8		
Performance during the reporting period	Patrick conducted a scheduled drill / exercise to test its Emergency Response Plan (EMP) in 2023.			
Trend / key management implications	Nil.			
Implemented / proposed management actions	2023.	rocedures) were reviewed 23 September ember 2023, next review planned for 2024.		



6.5 Air Quality Management Plan

Development Consent DA-453	3.45, 3.46, 3.47 and 3.48
Development Consent DA-494	C2.1, C2.2, C2.3 and C2.4
EPA Licence 6962	O3.1
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	23.8.2
Discharge Industrial Trade Wastewater, Consent 24490	NA
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule, Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.1

Performance during the reporting period

No visible dust emissions or complaints were reported to Patrick during 2023.

Wharf and road sweeping are routinely carried out on the terminal to reduce build-up of debris and dust.

No excavated material is piled on the main body of the terminal.

Trend / key management implications

The overall opportunity for odour and dust generation from operational areas of the Patrick terminal is considered very low.

In addition, it is difficult to isolate Patrick's contribution for the surround environment from other potential contributors such as traffic, roadworks, construction areas, neighbouring stevedores and/or nearby industries.

Patrick relies on Patrick personnel (employees, contractors, and visitors) and regular environmental inspections to report any odour or build-up of dust/debris on the terminal. These events are investigated and were attributed to terminal activities they are cleaned up. Details are recorded in the Patrick HSE incident/event database (Noggin). If a report is received from a neighbour or a member of the community the event details are entered into the terminal's Public Comment, Inquires & Complaints Register.

Implemented / proposed management actions

Patrick personnel to continue to conduct routine visual environmental inspections of the terminal (and the rail extension construction site) to verify that control measures are in place and functioning correctly and to identify / address any air quality issues or the presence of any deposited dust / debris.

OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024



6.6 Stormwater Management Plan

		3.26, 3.27, 3.28, 3.29, 3.30, 3.31, 3.32, 3.33, 3.34, 3.35 Note1, 3.36 Note1, 3.37, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 Note1, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7 Note1, 6.2 (a)	
Development Consent	DA 453	and 6.4 (a) (Note1 MOD 8, 22 May 2014	
		includes the specific details of the EPL	
		applicable at the time, since then the EPL	
		has had several revisions and changed.)	
Development Consent	DA 494	C2.14 and C2.15	
EPA Licence 6962		L1.1	
EIS Prediction & Conclu	rion.	16.4.2, 17.6.2, 18.4.2, 18.4.3, 18.5.2,	
EIS Prediction & Conciu	sion	33.2.2, 33.3.2 and 33.5	
Industrial Trade Waste	water Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1	
Trade Wastewater Disc	harge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA	
Patrick Operational Env	vironmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.2	
Performance during the reporting period	In March 2023, the four (4) Stormwater Quality Improvement Devices (SQIDs) which drain stormwater from the existing rail siding area to Penrhyn Estuary and located on the neighbouring property leased by Hutchison Ports from NSW Ports, were serviced. Note: The stormwater drains at rail have been closed off due to construction work being carried out by the rail extension project. Once the rail project has been completed the stormwater drains will be reinstated and will continue to be serviced as per the maintenance schedule.		
Implemented / proposed management actions	The next service the four (4) SQIDs (that drain stormwater from the existing rail area to Penrhyn Estuary) as soon arrangements can be made with Hutchison Ports when operations are not being conducted in the area.		
Implemented / proposed management actions	OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024.		

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6.7 Feral Animal Management Plan

Development Consent DA	A 453	NA	
Development Consent DA	\ 494	NA	
EPA Licence 6962		NA	
EIS Prediction & Conclusi	on	20.8.4 and 29.3.3	
Industrial Trade Wastewa	ater Discharge Consent - 24990	NA	
Trade Wastewater Discha	arge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA	
Patrick Operational Envir	onmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.3	
Performance during the	Housekeeping inspections are conduct	ted periodically.	
reporting period			
	Podenta de la constanta de la	letter and a state of the state of	
Trend / key	Rodents appear to be low in numbers,	, while at certain times of the year	
management	pigeons roosting inside the Maintenar	nce workshop. Refer to Section 6.13, Bird	
implications	Hazard Management Plan.		
Implemented /	- Continue to conduct housekeeping inspections as per the inspection and		
proposed management	audit schedule.		
actions	- OEMP was last reviewed 22 Septer	mber 2023, next review planned for 2024.	

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6.8 Waste and Wastewater Management

Development Consent DA 453	3.38, 3.39, 3.40, 3.41, 3.42, 3.43, 3.44,
	6.4(d), 7.5, 5.21, 7.22, 7.23 & 7.24
Development Consent DA 494	C2.13, C2.13A, C2.14 & C2.15
EPA Licence 6962	L2.1, L2.2, L2.3 & L2.4, O1.1, O4.1, O4.2
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	33.2, 33.3, 33.4, 33.5
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110	Items 1 to 13
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.4

Waste

A high-level waste audit as conducted in 2023.

All waste removal/transport/disposal service providers are engaged under a Service Agreement or a Purchase Order, and area licenced by the EPA for the appropriate scheduled activity. Waste skip bins are covered and routinely emptied.

Site environmental inspections are conducted periodically and include an inspection of waste storage areas.

Waste tyres are being disposed of from the facility, however the waste tyres are not being tracked in accordance with Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014, Clause 76 – Reporting on transportation of waste tyres solely within New South Wales.

Performance during the reporting period

Trelleborg has provided a Scrap Tyre Analysis report recording the tyres serial number. Trelleborg is using Molycorp, which are an accredited participant of the TSA (Tyre Stewardship of Australia), and information has been collected as to how the tyres are being processed at end of life. Unfortunately, at the time of this report been prepared, Trelleborg has not been able to use EPA's WasteLocate app to track waste tyres as they are not an authorised tyre receiver. This was identified as a limitation on the system and has been raised with the EPA.

Wastewater

Wastewater diverted to sewer is routinely monitored and tested as per the Patrick Industrial Trade Wastewater Consent (No. 24990, dated 19 June 2023). The Backflow Prevention Devices were last tested by Matic Plumbing Services (Vertifier – 083F5060, approved by Sydney Water) on 6 July 2023.

The grease trap is pumped out and cleaned every 26 weeks.

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Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany) 2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Trend / key management implications	The volume of waste (e.g., waste oil, and oily rags) recycled in 2023 has remained consistent with previous years as the recycling practices carried out by the Maintenance Department remains common practice.	
Implemented / proposed management actions	 Patrick will continue to monitor waste volumes using the Waste Register. Install a process to track waste tyres in the absence of the EPA WasteLocate app not fully operating. OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024. 	

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Approved by:



6.9 Dangerous Goods and Hazardous Chemicals/Substances Management Plan

Development Consent	t DA 453 7.4, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 7.9, 7.10		
Development Consent	DA 494	C2.16, C2.17, C2.18	
EPA Licence 6962		A1 Scheduled Activity (Chemical storage); & O1.1	
EIS Prediction & Concl	usion	18.5.2, 28.10.1 and 32.2.4	
Industrial Trade Wast	ewater Discharge Co	ischarge Consent - 24990 Schedule 1	
Trade Wastewater Dis	Frade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110		NA
Patrick Operational Er	atrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)		Section 6.5
The two development consents cover different berths: Berth 6 (DA-494), and Berths 7, 8 and 9 (DA-453). Dangerous goods (i.e., shipping containers) are routinely spot checked by the Dangerous Goods Inspector / Officer from the Port Authority NSW to ensure red line cargo does not stay on the terminal past its allowable dwell time limit. During 2023 routine environmental inspections were conducted of the Operational and Maintenance work areas. The initial environmental inspections of the Maintenance areas identified several opportunities for improvement.			
Trend / key management implications	significant improvements with handling / storing dangerous goods / hazardous		
Implemented / proposed management actions	 Conduct routine environmental inspections, and audit of chemicals and dangerous goods and hazardous chemical storage areas will continue during the next reporting period. OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024. 		

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6.10 Operational Noise Management Plan

Development Consent	DA 453	3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 5.8 and 6.4 (e)
•		C2.5, C2.6, C2.7, C2.8, C2.9, C2.10, C2.11
EPA Licence 6962		L3.1, L3.2, L3.3, L3.4, L3.5, L3.6 and L3.7;
		Special Condition E1.1 and E1.2
EIS Prediction & Conclusion		22.4.2 and 22.5.2
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990		NA
Trade Wastewater Disc	charge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational En	vironmental Management Plan (OEMP)	6.6
Noise mitigation is covered in the Site Induction which includes the to minimise noise from operations and cargo handling. During 2023 there were nil public comments, inquires and complain by Patrick via the EPA and NSW Ports (refer to Section 9.3 – Public Companies and Complaints Register of this AEMR).		cargo handling. nents, inquires and complaints received efer to Section 9.3 – Public Comments, s AEMR).
the reporting period	Noise monitoring is conducted six-monthly by Rodney Stevens Acoustics. Monitoring conducted in May 2023 and November 2023. The Patrick operational noise for during 2023 is considered to comply with the EPL day, evening, and night-time noise limits.	
Trend / key management implications	from the Patrick terminal during 2023.	
Implemented / proposed management actions	 Noise monitoring will continue to be carried out at 6-monthly intervals as per the conditions of the Patrick Environmental Protection Licence (EPL 6962). Patrick will provide the Biannual Nosie Monitoring Compliance Reports directly to NSW Ports. NSW Ports (with permission from EPA NSW) will report on behalf of Patrick Terminals to facilitate a single point of contact for all noise reporting. NSW Ports have been approved by EPA NSW to provide all noise reports. OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024 	

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Operational Traffic Management Plan 6.11

Development Consent DA 453	3.9, 3.10, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13, 3.14, 3.15,
	3.16, 3.17, 3.18, 3.19, 3.20, 3.21, 3.22,
	3.23, 3.24, 3.25 and 6.4 (c)
Development Consent DA 494	C2.12
EPA Licence 6962	NA
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	21.10
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990	NA
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.7

Performance during the reporting period

The current version of the Operational Traffic Management Plan (OTMP) does not appear to have the new truck grid and straddle crane refuelling facility arrangement documented. It is understood that a more current OTMP has been drafted (a draft version, dated 14 September 2023 was sighted during the audit) but this has yet to be finali2ed.

Trend / key management implications

A Patrick representative attends the Port Botany Rail Optimisation Group (PBROG) which meets to provide advice to Transport for NSW (TfNSW) on strategies and actions to optimise the movement of containers by rail to and from the container terminals at Port Botany. The PBROG Terms of Reference were issued 27 April 2016.

In May 2018 the Australian Government announced a funding commitment to duplicate the remaining section of single line freight track between Mascot and Botany, known as the Botany Rail Duplication Project. The Botany Rail Duplication Project will complement future upgrades taking place in and around the airport and port precinct which aim to improve traffic flow and help reduce congestion on nearby roads.

By 2045, NSW Ports has set a target of three million TEU per year to be transported by rail i.e., around 40 per cent of forecast container volumes. Achieving this target requires action by all stakeholders involved in the container rail supply chain including NSW Ports, all levels of government, rail operators, shipping lines, stevedores, and intermodal operators.

Most of the imported containers will remain destined for metropolitan Sydney, with 80 per cent delivered within a 40-kilometre radius from Port Botany.

Implemented / proposed management actions

Terminal Manager

Approved by:

Finalise the updates to the OTMP.

OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024.

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6.12 Aviation Operational Impacts Management Plan

Development Consent DA-453	3.61
Development Consent DA-494	C2.21, C2.22, C2.23, C2.24 & C2.25
EPA Licence 6962	NA
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	25.5, 29.3.3, 29.4 and 30.4.2
Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990	NA
Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.8

Performance during the reporting period

Patrick has complied with the requirements under the Development Consent (DA-494) and the EIS for crane height, light spill, and bird management.

Patrick obtained approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of three Leibherr quay cranes [Nos 12, 13 & 14] into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval was granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of the Department of Infrastructure and Transport on 12 December 2012. In 2021 a fourth Leibherr quay crane (CS15) was installed at Berth 6 following approval granted by the Approval was granted by Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communication on 29 June 2020.

During the monitoring period (2023) there were no reported incidents of aviation impacts or aviation requested management of birds.

Trend / key management implications

<u>Terminal Lighting</u> - Maritime Order 32 Schedule 1 (2) ... lighting requires adequate lighting during loading and unloading activities. In some cases, the ship will be unloaded / loaded at night and require sufficient lighting to undertake the operations.

When vessels are not under stevedore operations, the quay crane lights (except the beacon lights) will be switched off to minimise the light glare or distraction to aircraft pilots.

<u>Bird Management</u> - Where containers have leaked grain, the grain is swept up as soon as practicable.

Vessels are generally berthed facing west, unless otherwise directed to face east by the harbour pilot reducing the light to surrounding residents and nearby aircraft.

Implemented / proposed management actions

OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024.

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6.13 Bird Hazard Management Plan

Development Consent DA	453	NA
Development Consent DA 494		C2.25
EPA Licence 6962		NA
EIS Prediction & Conclusion Industrial Trade Wastewater Discharge Consent - 24990 Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule - Permit 40110		NA NA
		Patrick Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)
Performance during the reporting period	During 2023 bird management continued inside the Maintenance workshop where pigeons tend to roost.	
Trend / key management implications	Patrick personnel are asked to report any aviation hazards or the presence of nesting or injured wildlife, including any eggs. Patrick has adopted the following measures to discourage bird attraction to the terminal: No eating is permitted outside of the building, Use of enclosed rubbish bins to reduce the risk of attracting birds, Control of littering through signage, induction training and regular toolbox talks; and The design of rooves and guttering of terminal buildings to deny birds the opportunities to roost and make nests.	
Implemented / proposed management actions	OEMP was last reviewed 22 Septembe	er 2023, next review planned for 2024.

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6.14 Vegetation and Land Management Plan

Development Consent DA 4	53	3.57, 3.58, 3.59, 3.60 and 6.4(b)		
Development Consent DA 49	94	NA		
EPA Licence 6962		NA		
EIS Prediction & Conclusion		Ch. 19 – Aquatic ecology, and		
Lis Frediction & Conclusion		Ch. 20 – Terrestrial ecology		
Industrial Trade Wastewate	r Discharge Consent - 24990	NA		
Trade Wastewater Discharge	e Schedule - Permit 40110	NA		
Patrick Operational Environ	mental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.10		
Performance during the reporting period	During 2023 Patrick uses contractors to maintain the planted areas on which are predominately in the car parking areas. Routine maintenance carried out to ensure road signs are not obscured by tree branches.			
Trend / key management implications	The terminal has predominately serinspected, and repairs carried out a Vegetation is routinely managed to impaired.	· ·		
Implemented / proposed management actions	OEMP was last reviewed 22 September 2023, next review planned for 2024.			

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management actions

6.15 Energy and Resources Management Plan

- ·	2			
Development Consent		NA		
Development Consent	DA 494	NA		
EPA Licence 6962		NA		
EIS Prediction & Conclu	usion	20.8.4 and 29.3.3		
Industrial Trade Waste	water Discharge Consent - 24990	NA		
Trade Wastewater Disc	charge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA		
Patrick Operational En	vironmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.11		
2022 – Water Resources Management P OEMP revised (version 3) while it does not Management Plan it does includes: Stormwater Management Plan (S Waste and Wastewater Management Energy and Resources Management Patrick is monitoring resource consumpti Annually Scope 1 and Scope 2 carbon em Pollution Inventory (NPI), and National G (NGER).		ection 6.2) ment Plan (Section 6.4) ent Plan (Section 6.12) on include diesel and electricity usage. issions are reported to the National		
Trend / key management implications	nanagement NSW Ports arranged for water meter consumption to be provided to Patrick.			
Implemented / proposed				

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6.16 Biosecurity and Customs (open/unpack containers) Management Plan

Development Consen	t DA 453	NA	
Development Consen	t DA 494	NA	
EPA Licence 6962		NA	
EIS Prediction & Conc	lusion	NA	
Industrial Trade Wast	ewater Discharge Consent - 24990	NA	
Trade Wastewater Dis	scharge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA	
Patrick Operational En	nvironmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.12	
Trend / key management	Nil.		
Implemented / proposed management actions	- HSE Manager to review the terminal's Biosecurity Incident Response Procedure (BIRP) with the Operations Manager etc.		

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6.17 Sustainability Management Plan

Development Consent DA	453	NA	
Development Consent DA	494	NA	
EPA Licence 6962		NA	
EIS Prediction & Conclusion	n	NA	
Industrial Trade Wastewat	er Discharge Consent - 24990	NA	
Trade Wastewater Dischar	ge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA	
Patrick Operational Enviro	nmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 6.13	
Performance during the reporting period	Corporate Patrick has prepared an ES	SG strategy.	
Trend / key management implications	Nil trends to report.		
Implemented / proposed management actions	OEMP was last reviewed 22 Septemb	per 2023, next review planned for 2024.	



7. WATER MANAGEMENT

7.1 Water take

This Annual Review does not report on the water taken by the operation in the previous year. Water used by the Terminal is supplied by Sydney Water via a water meter.

The management of stormwater and wastewater is outlined in the following plans:

- Stormwater Management Plan, refer to Section 6.6 of this report (and the OEMP, Section 6.2)
- Waste and Wastewater Management Plan, refer to Section 6.8 of this report (and the OEMP, Section 6.4).

8. **REHABILITATION**

8.1 Rehabilitation performance during the reporting period

This Annual Review does not incorporate a summary of the rehabilitation performance of the operation against the rehabilitation targets in the Mining Operations Plan (MOP) / Rehabilitation Management Plan (RMP) as they do not apply to DA-494 (or DA-453).

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9. Community

9.1 Community Consultative Committee

Development Consent	DA 453	NA			
Development Consent	DA 494	C3.2 and C3.3			
EPA Licence 6962		NA			
EIS Prediction & Conclu	ısion	NA			
Industrial Trade Waste	water Discharge Consent - 24990	NA			
Trade Wastewater Disc	charge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA			
Patrick Operational En	vironmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.7			
	Background In September 2013, the Port Botany Comi	munity Consultative Committee was			
	combined with the Port Botany Neighbouring Liaison Group to create the Port Botany Community Consultative Committee (PBCCC).				
	NSW Ports is responsible for the PBCCC. Members of the PBCCC includes members from the local Port Botany community, tenants of Port Botany, local council, NSW Ports, EPA, etc.				
Performance during	<u>Meetings - 2023</u>				
the reporting period	- 28 February 2023 – Sam Steel attended from Patrick				
	- 2 May 2023 – Sam Steel attended from Patrick				
	- 1 August 2023				
	- 7 November 2023				
	<u>Minutes</u>				
	PBCCC Minutes available on the NSW Po	rts website:			
	https://www.nswports.com.au/resource	es-filtered/port-botany-ccc-minutes			
Trend / key	No trend / key management implications.				
management					
implications					
Implemented /	OEMP was last reviewed 22 September	2023, next review planned for 2024.			
proposed		,			
management actions					

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9.2 Handling Environmental Related Pubic Inquires, Comments and Complaints

Development Consent DA	A 453	3.63, 3.64,
Development Consent Da	4 494	C3.1
EPA Licence 6962		M2.1, M2.2, M2.3, M2.4, M3.1, M3.2 &
		M3.3
EIS Prediction & Conclusi	on	22.5.2
Industrial Trade Wastewa	ater Discharge Consent - 24990	Schedule 1
Trade Wastewater Discha	arge Schedule - Permit 40110	NA
Patrick Operational Envir	onmental Management Plan (OEMP)	Section 4.6
Performance during the reporting period	to use to contact Patrick with any common phone number is operational 24 hours 7 weekly to ensure it is operational. The phone number is displayed on the fit Terminal Gate B105A adjacent fence and https://patrick.com.au/about/safety-and Patrick monitors all community concern responds to the parties involved. All public Comment, Inquires & Complaints Regist taken by Patrick are also recorded in the Each event is entered into the Patrick HS correspondence attached. Any complain daily, weekly, and monthly environment During 2023 there were zero (0) public of	ront fence next to Patrick's Port Botany d available on Patrick's website: d-environment/ s / enquires / feedback and complaints and blic enquires are logged in the site Public er, and details of the findings and actions e Patrick HSE incident database (Noggin). SE incident database (Noggin) and relevant ats received are reported as part of the tal report. comments, inquires and complaints r NSW Ports (refer to Section 9.3 – Public
Trend / key management implications	Complaints attributed to Patrick operati 2022 to 2023.	ons have remained steady at zero from
Implemented / proposed management actions	OEMP was last reviewed 22 Septembe	r 2023, next review planned for 2024.

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9.3 Public Comments, Inquiries and Complaints Register

Table 11: Public Comments, Inquiries and Complaints Register: 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023

No.	Date of Notification	Time of Notification	Direct or Indirect Feedback	Method (Means)	Type of Feedback	Details of Comment, Inquiry or Complaint (if none "nil")	Nature of Comment, Inquiry or Complaint	Details of Comment, Inquiry or Complaint Received	Attributed to Patrick Operations (Yes / No)	Action taken by Patrick (if nil – state reason)	Follow up by Patrick

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10. Independent Environmental Compliance Audit

The 2023 Independent Environmental Compliance Audit (IEA) covers DA494, C4.5 an Environmental Auditing. It was conducted by Derek Low (WolfPeak Pty Ltd) an independent auditor approved by the DPIE Secretary and conducted 11 January 2024.

10.1 Compliance Status

Table 10.1: Audit Findings - Non-Compliance and Corrective Actions for: 2023

Audit Item No.	Cond. No.	Details of Condition / Requirement	Comments, observations, discussion, evidence, supporting documentation	Proposed Action	Who By	When
DA 494 –	Port Bota	ny Expansion Approval				
IA2023_1	C2.12	The development's staff induction program shall incorporate special instructions relating to noise control and related "on the job" training, as deemed appropriate	The site induction and training material for storm pits and the new refuelling facility for the current audit period. The auditee also states that engineering controls and SOPs for cranes have been implemented to minimise noise risks. However, the auditor observes that training being delivered appears to be inconsistent with that described in Section 4.3 of the OEMP.	Review the environmental training delivered against the OEMP and condition 3.62. Update the training program in the OEMP to align with the requirements of condition 3.62 and existing training being delivered.	HSE Manager	August 2024
IA2023_2	C4.4	As part of the OEMP development, required under condition 6.3 of this consent, the Applicant shall prepare and implement the following Management Plans (c) a Transport Management Plan to outline management of traffic conflicts associated with the operation of the development, etc.	The current version of the Operational Traffic Management Plan (OTMP) does not appear to have the new truck grid and straddle crane refuelling facility arrangement documented. It is understood that a more current OTMP has been drafted but this has yet to be finalised.	Finalise the update to the OTMP.	HSE Manager	March 2024

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11. Incidents during the reporting period

There were in 2023:

In total 15x environment events (cross the entire terminal i.e., DA-494 and DA-453) were recorded in the Patrick incident reporting management system for tracking purposes; none required to be reported to the Department or EPA. (Note: Public comments, inquires or complaints are reported separately, refer to Section 9.)

Table 11.1: Environmental Related Incidents Reported - 2023

Event No.	Date / Incident No.	Area of Impact	Description / Classification	Action Taken	Status
-	-	-	-	-	-

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12. APPENDICES

Appendix A: PB Expansion Project – Condition of Approval: DA494-11-2003-i (MOD 17)

Table A.1 - CoA 494, Assessment Compliance Rating

Category	Definition
Compliant	Complies with all requirements of the condition.
Observation	Observed during the assessment which provides an opportunity or is not necessarily best practice or requires further consideration.
Non-Compliant	Does not fully comply with all requirements of the condition, categorised as 'Minor' or 'Major' depending on the severity.
Not Applicable	Either there are no compliance issues, was not applicable at the time of assessment, or is not the responsibility of Patrick.

Table A.2 - Port Botany Expansion CoA 494 (Applicant: Sydney Ports Corporation transferred to NSW Ports), MOD 17 approved 19 September 2019

No.	Condition of Approval 494 (MOD 17, 19 September 2020) - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023						
SCHE	SCHEDULE A: OVERALL SCOPE OF DEVELOPMENT WORKS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS								
A1	GENERAL								
	Scope of Development								
	 The approved aspects of the development shall be carried out generally in accordance with: a) Development Application DA 494-11-2003-i, lodged with Department on 26 November 2003. b) Port Botany Expansion: Environmental Impact Statement (ten volumes), prepared by URS Pty Ltd and dated November 2003; c) Port Botany Expansion Commission of Inquiry – Primary Submission (two volumes), prepared by URS Pty Ltd dated May 2004 d) Port Botany Expansion Commission of Inquiry – Supplementary Submission to Environmental Impact Statement, prepared by URS Pty Ltd and dated August 2004 e) Port Botany Expansion Environmental Impact Statement – Supplementary Submission (two volumes), prepared by URS and dated October 2004; f) modification application MOD-107-9-2006-i, accompanied by Port Botany Expansion, Section 96(1A) Application: Modification of Consent Conditions, prepared by SPC and dated September 2006; 	2023 - Status: Compliance with these requirements is verified through this independent audit process, compliance reports etc.	Compliant						

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0.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	g) modification application MOD-134-11-2006-i, accompanied by Port Botany Expansion, Section 96(1A)	Refer to the previous page	
	Modification – Wharf Structure Design, prepared by SPC and dated November 2006;		
	h) modification application MOD-149-12-2006-i, accompanied by Port Botany Expansion, Section 96(1A)		
	Modification – Application to Modify Conditions B2.9 and B2.22 of the Port Botany Consent, prepared by SPC and dated 1 December 2006;		
	i) modification application MOD-78-9-2007-i, accompanied by Port Botany Expansion – Modification of		
	Conditions C2.20 & C2.25, prepared by SPC, dated July 2007;		
	j) modification application MOD-60-9-2008, accompanied by Port Botany Expansion – Modification of		
	Conditions B2.46 & C2.25, prepared by SPC, dated 27 August 2008;		
	k) modification application MOD-68-12-2008, accompanied by a letter from SPC dated December 2008;		
	I) modification application MOD-08-03-2009, accompanied by a letter from Sydney Ports Corporation dated 16		
	February 2009 and assessment report titled Port Botany Expansion – Rail Operations Section 96(1A)		
	Modification dated February 2009		
	m) modification application 494-11-2003-I MOD 8, accompanied by an assessment report titled "Port Botany		
	Expansion – Ship Turning Area Dredging Section 96 (1A) Modification dated May 2009;		
	n) modification application DA-494-11-2003-I MOD 9 accompanied by an assessment report titled "Port Botany		
	Expansion – Additional High Spot Dredging off Molineux Point Section 96 (1A) Modification" dated May 2009.		
	o) modification application DA-494-11-2003-I MOD 10, accompanied by an assessment within the letter titled		
	"Port Botany Expansion – Section 96(1A) Modification – Additional Ship Turning Area Dredging" dated 8 July 2009;		
	p) modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 11, accompanied by an assessment report titled "Sydney		
	Port Botany Terminal No. 3 PKG-17.1 Planning Section 75W Modification Operations Building and		
	Maintenance Building" dated 14 September 2011; and		
	q) modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 12, accompanied by an assessment report titled "Sydney		
	Port Botany Terminal No. 3 PKG-17.1 Planning Section 75W Modification to Stormwater First Flush System"		
	dated 15 February 2012 and supplementary advice provided on 6 June 2012 in relation to other proprietary		
	SQID devices; and		

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No.		Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	r)	modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 13, accompanied by an assessment report titled "Project No. 231658 Section 75W Modification to Stormwater Management System for Southern Expansion Area" dated 31 October 2012; and	Refer to previous page	Compliant
	s)	modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 14, accompanied by assessment reports titled "Port Botany Expansion – Section 75W Modification 14 to DA-494-11-2003i for Port and Maritime Related Interim Uses at northern tip of Hayes Dock", dated January 2013; and "Port Botany Expansion, Cumulative Construction Traffic Impact Assessment, Terminal Operations Infrastructure (March 2013 – March 2014)", dated April 2013; and		
	t)	modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 15, accompanied by assessment report titled 'SICTL Quay Crane Operations', prepared by HPH and dated 20 March 2013; and		
	u)	modification application DA-494-11-2003-I MOD 16, accompanied by assessment report titled 'Port Botany Expansion Modification Application 16 to DA-494-11-2003i Permanent Uses Hayes Dock Services Area and Administrative Changes to Some Conditions', prepared by Lendlease for NSW Ports and dated September 2016;		
	v)	modification application DA-494-11-2003-i MOD 17, accompanied by letter titled 'Port Botany Expansion s4.55(1) Modification Application to DA-494-11-2003i – Administrative Update to Conditions of Approval', prepared by NSW Ports and dated 16 October 2018; and		
	w)	the conditions of this consent.		
	Inso	far as they relate to the approved development.		
A1.2	In th	ne event of an inconsistency between:	<u>2023 – Status:</u>	Compliant
	a) b)	the conditions of this consent and any document listed from condition A1.1a) to w) inclusive, the conditions of this consent shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency; and any document listed from condition A1.1a) to w) inclusive, the most recent document shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.	This AEMR assesses compliance with the conditions of this consent.	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Statutory Requirements		
A1.3	All licences, permits and approvals shall be obtained and maintained as required throughout the life of the development. No condition of this consent removes the obligation to obtain, renew or comply with such licences, permits or approvals.	Background ex Patick (do not remove): The Federal EPBC Approval 2002/543 and EPL 6962 remain valid. Sydney Water Trade Waste Consent No. 24990, and Trade Waste Discharge Schedule Permit No. 40110 are current. A few other permits, licences, and approvals, as issued by various government authorities, have been obtained for the operation of the terminal. 2023 – Status: The licences, permits and approvals are listed in Section 2.3 of the OEMP (review date 22 September 2023).	Compliant
	Port Throughput Capacity Limits		
A1.4	Port throughput capacity generated by operations in accordance with this consent shall be consistent with the limits specified in the EIS, that is, a maximum throughput capacity at the terminal of 1.6 million TEUs per annum and a total throughput at Port Botany of 3.2 million TEUs. These limits may not be exceeded by the development without further environmental assessment and approval. Sydney Ports Corporation shall prepare, or have prepared on its behalf, such further environmental assessment for the determination of the Minister.	2023 – Status: Trade bulletins published on NSW Ports website indicate these limits are being exceeded at present. https://www.nswports.com.au/resources-filtered/trade-reports Monthly trade reports published on NSW Ports website indicate these limits are not being exceeded at present. FY23 = 1.442m TEU. FY24 YTD = 1.335m TEU.	Compliant

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail Evidence 2023				
	SCHEDULE C: TERMINAL OPERATIONS				
C1	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS				
	Application of Schedule				
C1.1	The conditions in this Schedule of the consent relate to all the development and activities associated with the operation of the container terminal and associated infrastructure.	<u>Background ex Patrick (do not remove):</u> The Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal is a port facility/terminal operator moving shipping containers to and from vessels from and to trucks/trains. This AEMR has been conducted to assess compliance against these conditions with respect to its own operations.	Compliant		
		2023 - Status: On an annual basis has/will commission an independent environmental auditor approved by the DPIE to audit the premises to assess compliance against these conditions with respect to its own operations.			
C1.2	The conditions in this sub-schedule of the consent must be complied with by the Applicant, or any party undertaking the activities and works referred to under condition C1.1, with the exception of the undertaking of Port, Maritime and Waterway Related Interim Uses at Hayes Dock Services Area, which are subject to condition C1.2A – C1.2F. Should more than one terminal operator undertake operations within the terminal area, compliance with the conditions of this Schedule may be undertaken individually by operators, or collectively.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal is a port facility/terminal operator moving shipping containers to and from vessels from and to trucks/trains. This AEMR (Annual Compliance Report) has been conducted to assess compliance against these conditions with respect to its own operations. 2023 - Status: On an annual basis has/will commission an independent environmental auditor approved by the DPIE to audit the premises to assess compliance against these conditions with respect to its own operations.	Compliant		
	Interim Uses Port, Maritime and Waterways Related Uses – Hay	yes Dock Services Area			
C1.2A	The conditions in this sub-schedule of the consent must be complied with by the Applicant, or any party undertaking activities and works associated with Port, Maritime and Waterways Related Use Interim Uses, except conditions C1.3, C1.4, C1.5, C2.5, C2.12, C2.16, C2.17, C2.18, C2.20, C2.25, C3.1, C3.2, C3.3, C4.2, C4.3, C4.4 and C4.5.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick Sydney Autostrad Terminal does not use or access Hayes Dock Services Area. This condition is not applicable to the Patrick operation. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not applicable		

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Operation Environment Management Plan – Port, Maritime and Waterway Related Interim Uses Hayes Dock Service	s Area	
C1.2B	The Applicant shall prepare an Operation Environmental Management Plan (OEMP) – Port, Maritime and Waterway Related Interim Uses prior to the commencement of Port, Maritime and Waterways Related Interim Uses prior to the commencement of Port, Maritime and Waterways Related Interim Uses on site. The Plan shall include details of how environmental performance would be managed and monitoring to meet acceptable environmental outcomes, including what actions will be taken to address potential advise environmental impacts. In particular, the following environmental issues shall be addressed in the Plan: Odour and Air Quality; Noise Management; Waste Management; Water and Wastewater Management; Amenity, including lighting; and Incident Reporting The OEMP shall also address: Details of operation activities including key noise and/or vibrations generating activities and machinery that have the potential to generate noise and/or vibration impacts on surrounding sensitive receivers; Identification of feasible and reasonable measures proposed to be implemented to minimise and manage operation noise and vibration impacts, especially during sleep disturbance; A description of how the effectiveness of mitigation and management measures would be maintained. Noise management shall include: Hours in which particular activities are undertaken; Use of shore power where available; Restrictions on notably noisy vehicles and vessels from the site; Use of building and vehicle alarms and/or alternatives available. The plan shall also Identify all statutory obligations that the applicant is required to fulfil in relation to operation of the development, including all consents, licences, approvals and consultations; Include a description of the roles and responsibilities of all key employees involved in the operation of the development; and Include overall environmental policies and principles to be applied to the operation of the facility. A copy of the updated OEMP shall be submitted for approval by the Secretary withi	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick terminal does use or access Hayes Dock Services Area. This condition is not applicable to the Patrick operation. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Noise Management Plan – Interim Uses Hayes Dock Area Operation		
C1.2C	The noise management plan shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: - compliance standards, - community consultation, - compliant handling monitoring system, - site contact person to follow up complaints, - mitigation measures, - the design/orientation of the proposed mitigation methods demonstrating best practice, - operation times, - contingency measures where noise complaints are received, and - monitoring methods and program.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick terminal does use or access Hayes Dock Services Area. This condition is not applicable to the Patrick operation. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable
	Noise Compliance Assessment - Interim Uses Hayes Dock Area Operation		
C1.2D	Noise from the Hayes Dock Service Area must not exceed the L _{eq (15 minute)} noise limits presented in Table at C2.6 by more than 5d(B)A between 10:00pm and 7:00am. The Secretary must require a detailed noise compliance assessment, prepared by a qualified acoustic consultant. The noise compliance assessment shall meet the requirements of the Environment Protection Authority. The noise compliance assessment shall include the representative residential receiver locations identified in the table in C2.6.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick terminal does use or access Hayes Dock Services Area. This condition is not applicable to the Patrick operation.	Not Applicable
C1.2E	A complaint handling procedure shall be implemented for the Hayes Dock Services Area. Annual reports shall be provided to the Department, outlining details of the complaints received. A register of complaints shall be kept and include the following: - date and time, where relevant, of the comment, inquiry or complaint, - how the comment, inquiry or complaint was communicated, - any personal details of the commenter, inquirer or complainant that were provided. If no details were provided this should be recorded, - the nature of the comment, inquiry or complaint, - any actions taken by the Applicant in relation to the comment, inquiry or complaint, including any follow-up contact, and - if no action was taken, record the reason(s) why.	2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable
C12F	Annual reporting on the compliance of the Hayes Dock Services Area within the OEMP shall be conducted annual. The first report for the Hayes Dock Services Area shall be provided to the Department within twelve (12) months from the date of the approval of modification 16, unless otherwise agreed by the Secretary.		Not Applicable

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail Evidence 2023			
	Operation Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)				
C1.3	The Applicant shall prepare an Operation Environmental Management Plan (OEMP) which must be approved by the Secretary prior to commencement of any operations at the terminal. The OEMP must: - identify all statutory obligations that the Applicant is required to fulfil in relation to operation of the development, including all consents, licences, approvals and consultations; - describe any relevant staging or phasing of the commencement of operations within the terminal envelope and any relevant timeframes; - clearly outline what aspects of environmental management, monitoring and reporting would be undertaken by the Applicant or jointly with other operators within the terminal area; - include a description of the roles and responsibilities for all key employees involved in the operation of the development; - include overall environment policies and principles to be applied to the operation of the facility; - include specific consideration of measures to address any requirements of DPIE, EPA, and the Council during operation; - detail standards and performance measures to be applied to the development, and a means by which environmental performance can be periodically reviewed and improved, where appropriate; - detail management policies to ensure that environmental performance goals are met and to comply with the conditions of this consent; - include the Management Plans relevant to operation, include the environmental monitoring requirements relevant to operation; and	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial OEMP and its appendices were approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Update to the OEMP occurred on 22 September 2023. The updates involved alternations to the diesel refuelling bay position including new puraceptor, and an update to the Traffic Management plan.	Compliant		

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Compliance Certification		
C1.4	Prior to each of the events listed from a) to c) below, or within such period otherwise agreed by the Secretary, documentation certifying that all conditions of this consent applicable prior to that event have been complied with shall be submitted to the satisfaction of the Secretary. Where an event is to be undertaken in stages, submission of compliance certification may be staged consistent with the staging of activities relating to that event, subject to the prior agreement of the Secretary. a) commencement of any operations within the terminal area; and b) commencement of each stage or phase of operations.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Pre-Operational Compliance Report for the Patrick Port Botany 'Knuckle' and Ramp D (dated December 2015) was approved by the Director-General on 4 February 2016 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Harragon (DPE) to Mr Trevor Brown (NSW Ports)). 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
C1.5	Notwithstanding condition C1.4 of this consent, the Secretary may require an update report on compliance with all, or any part, of the conditions of this consent. Any such update shall meet the requirements of the Secretary and be submitted within such period as the Secretary may agree.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Department of Planning & Environment (DPE) requested (4 June 2018) an updated audit Action List for the 2017 AEMR. This was provided by Patrick to the DPE on 18 June 2018. 2023 – Status: No additional information requested during the 2023 calendar	Compliant
C2	OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE	year.	
CZ	Air Quality Management – Odour		
C2.1	The development shall be undertaken so as not to permit any offensive odour, as	2023 Status:	Compliant
02.1	defined under section 129 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , to be emitted beyond the boundary of the site.	Refer to OEMP (22 September 2023), Section 6.1 – Air Quality Management Plan.	Somphant
		No complaints of odour(s) attributed to the Patrick Operations were received from the local community during 2023.	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Air Quality Management - Dust Emissions		
C2.2	All activities shall be undertaken in a manner that minimises or prevents dust emissions from the site, including wind-blown and traffic-generated dust. All activities undertaken on the site shall be undertaken with the objective of preventing visible emissions of dust from the site. Should such visible dust emissions occur at any time, all practicable dust mitigation measures, including cessation of relevant works, as appropriate, shall be identified and implanted such that emissions of visible dust cease.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Between December 2015 and May 2016, a Control (Red Imported Fire Ant) Order was in place at Port Botany and prevented Patrick from undertaking removal of any evacuation materials off site. 2023 Status: Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.1 – Air Quality Management Plan. The rail extension project, whilst under a separate approval framework (i.e., SEPP (Three Ports) 2013 process; Bayside Council – Certificate, CD2019/349 – 8-Nov-2019), is considered the only activity on site with the potential to generate dust. The CEMP from TCE Contracting dated 7/10/2022 (Rev.2) includes a section for dust management (air quality management 3.2.3), and it also mentioned the PMP's Dust Management Plan. During 2023, no dust emissions were detected during environmental (air) inspections of the site or reported by the community or external parties to Patrick.	Compliant
C2.3	All trafficable and vehicle manoeuvring areas shall be maintained at all times in a condition that minimises the generation and emission of dust.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): All internal roads and truck areas are paved/sealed. 2023 – Status: During 2023, no dust emissions were detected during environmental (air) inspections of the site or reported by the community or external parties to Patrick. Patrick engages a street sweeper(s) to sweep roadways truck loading/unloading areas of loose materials and any debris on a routine basis, and as required.	Compliant
C2.4	All vehicles entering or leaving the site carrying a load must be covered or otherwise enclosed at all times, except during loading and unloading, to minimise the generation and emission of dust.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Heavy vehicles entering and leaving the site are carrying sealed shipping containers, or the truck/trailer are empty, or are carrying trades maintenance equipment. Trucks leaving the site with loads of spoil or other material have their trailers covered or enclosed (as required under NSW Road Laws). External roadways are swept as needed using a street sweeper(s). 2023 Status: Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.1 – Air Quality Management Plan. During 2023, no complaints were received relating to uncovered loads generating and emitting dust from the community or external parties to Patrick	Compliant

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e Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick initial endix of the OEMP, was approved by the ral on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms PE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)).	Compliant
rendix of the OEMP, was approved by the ral on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms PE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)).	Compliant
c Compliance Monitoring Reports have been cordance with EPL6962, and completed during g period: 2023 2023 2023 2023 2024 2025 2025 2026 2027 2028 2028 2029 2029 2020 2020 2020 2020	
	perational Noise Management Plan (ONMP). Compliance Monitoring Reports have been cordance with EPL6962, and completed during period: CO23 CO23 CO23 CO23 CO23 CO23 CO23 CO23

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No.		Conditio	n of Appro	val 494 - D	etail			Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Noise Management – No	oise Limits							
C2.6	in the Table below. Note the limits represent the sound pressure level (noise) contribution, at the nominated receiver locations in the table.						<u>Background ex Patrick (do not remove):</u> Patrick did not report a recorded exceedance in the EPA Annual Return 1 April to 31 March of the following, based on an email (20	Compliant	
	Most affected	Day	Evening		Night			July 2016) received from the EPA advising that Patrick was not deemed non-compliant based on the difficulty of attributing the detected noise levels in the community as having singularly come from Patrick's operations. It is noted that the noise limits quoted in this condition are equal to or more stringent than those limits in existing EPL6962. 2023 – Status: The Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed this requirement.	
	residential Location	L _{Aeq(15 min)}	L _{Aeq(15 min)}	L _{Aeq(15 min)}	L _{Aeq} , 9hrs	L _{Aeq(1 min)}			
	Chelmsford Avenues	40	40	40	38	53			
	Dent Street	45	45	45	43	59			
	Jennings Street	36	36	36	35	55			
	Botany Road (north of Golf Club)	47	47	47	45	59			
	Australia Avenue	35	35	35	35	57			
	Military Road	42	42	42	40	60			
	 For the purpose of this condition; Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays, Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays 								
C2.7	Noise from the premises affected point within the most affected point with where the dwelling is moboundary, to determine limits in Condition C2.6 u	e residential iin 30 metre ore than 30 compliance	boundary, o es of the dwe metres from with the noi	r at the Nilling at the se level	with the con- affected poir 2023 – Statu	ditions of the nt within the I s: Noise Monit	EPL and esident	move): The location from receivers were chosen to comply d Condition of Approval. All locations were at the most tial boundaries. Dompliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed	Compliant

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
C2.8	Noise from the premises is to be measured at 1m from the dwelling façade to determine compliance with the $L_{A1\ (1\ minute)}$ noise level in condition C2.6.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): This requirement is included in the scope of works for the acoustic noise monitoring reports as per EPL 6962. 2023 – Status: The Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed this requirement.	Compliant
C2.9	Where it can be demonstrated that direct measurement of noise from the premises is impractical, the EPA may accept alternative means of determining compliance. See Chapter 11 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noise monitoring is carried out as per the requirements listed in conditions C2.7 and C2.8 above, and EPL 6962. 2023 – Status: The Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed this requirement (i.e., measurement).	Compliant
C2.10	The modification factors presented in Section 4 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy shall also be applied to the measured noise levels where applicable.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noise monitoring is carried out as per the requirements listed and EPL 6962. 2023 – Status: The Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed this requirement (i.e., methodology).	Compliant
C2.11	The noise emission limits identified in Condition C2.6 apply under meteorological conditions of wind speed up to 3 metres per second at 10 metres above ground level, and temperature inversion conditions up to 1.5°C/100m positive lapse rate.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): This requirement is included in the scope of works for the acoustic noise monitoring reports. 2023 – Status: The Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 addressed these requirements (i.e., meteorological conditions).	Compliant

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Operational Traffic Management Plan		
C2.12	Prior to the commencement of terminal operations, the applicant must prepare an Operational Traffic Management Plan in consultation with TfNSW(RMS), DPIE, Botany and Randwick Councils and SSROC. The Applicant shall address the requirements of these organisations in the Plan. The Applicant shall also consult with the Community Consultative Committee in preparation of the Plan. The plan must include, but not be confined to, mitigation measures identified in EIS such as: - identification of preferred routes to minimise noise impacts on the surrounding community; - physical and operational measures (including signage) to mitigate noise impacts from vehicles accessing and leaving the terminal; - measures to limit the impact of traffic noise on Foreshore Road and Botany Road; - driver education and information to promote driver habits to minimise noise; and - timetabling, scheduling and details of vehicle booking systems. The plan must be submitted and approved by the Secretary prior to the start of operations.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick initial Operational Traffic Management Plan (OTMP) as part of the OEMP was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). The OTMP has been prepared in consultation in with the relevant stakeholders. 2023 – Status: The current version of the Operational Traffic Management Plan (OTMP) does not appear to have the new truck grid and straddle crane refuelling facility arrangement documented. It is understood that a more current OTMP has been drafted (a draft version, dated 14 September 2023 was sighted during the audit) but this has yet to be finalized.	Observation

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Waste Management On-Site		
C2.13	Management of waste must be in accordance with the environment protection licence issued by EPA under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.</i>	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Waste Management Plan (WMP) was developed and formed Appendix G to the initial OEMP and was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). The OTMP has been prepared in consultation in with the relevant stakeholders. EPL 6269 Conditions A1 and L2 details the scheduled activities for the premises and the types of waste permitted to be received.	Non- Compliance Partially Closed
		<u>2023 – Status:</u> Waste management for liquids and solid waste, except for used tyres are being directed to facilities that are permitted to receive these waste types.	
		It was noted that in accordance with EPA website, tyre consignors, transporters and facilities transporting or receiving waste tyres in NSW weighing more than 200 kilograms, or consisting of 20 or more tyres, in one load must track and report this waste to the EPA using WasteLocate. At the time of this report been prepared, Trelleborg has been unable to use EPA's WasteLocate app to track waste tyres as they are not an authorised tyre receiver. This was identified as a limitation on the system and has been raised with the EPA. No evidence provided to demonstrate that waste tyres had been tracked.	
C2.13A	The management of waste for uses and activities not subject to an Environmental Protection Licence, shall be managed and disposed of in accordance with the Protection of the Environment Operation (Waste) Regulation 2005 and the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECCW 2009), or any future guideline that may supersede that document. All waste materials removed from the site shall only be directed to a waste management facility lawfully permitted to accept the materials.	Patrick engages licensed waste transport providers to remove any hazardous waste generated at the site (e.g., Maintenance department). Hazardous waste is disposed of at appropriately licensed facilities. Records of liquid and solid (with the exception of used tyres) waste are maintained in a Waste Register. It was noted that in accordance with EPA website, tyre consignors, transporters and facilities transporting or receiving waste tyres in NSW weighing more than 200 kilograms, or consisting of 20 or more tyres, in one load must track and report this waste to the EPA using WasteLocate. At the time of this report been prepared, Trelleborg has been unable to use EPA's WasteLocate app to track waste tyres as they are not an authorised tyre receiver. This was identified as a limitation on the system and has been raised with the EPA. No evidence provided to demonstrate that waste tyres had been tracked.	Non- Compliance Partially Closed

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	Water and Wastewater Management			
C2.14	Except as may be expressly permitted by a licence under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> in relation to the development, section 120 of that Act (prohibition of the pollution of waters) shall be complied with in connection to the development.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): No water quality monitoring is required by the EPL (6962) and there are no licenced discharge points. Advanced incident reporting protocols in place. Patrick has developed a 'Process for Notify Pollution Incidents' procedure, dated 9/1/2023 which includes a better reporting protocol to better align with the POEO Act. Procedure indicates that the HSE Manager is responsible for taking immediate action to determine if the incident requires notification under section 148 of the POEO Act. 2023 – Status: In total 15x environment events (cross the entire terminal i.e., DA-494 and DA-453) were recorded in the Patrick incident reporting management system for tracking purposes; none required to be reported to the Department or EPA.	Compliant	
	Water and Wastewater Management – Pollutant Co.	ncentration Limits		
C2.15	For each monitoring / discharge point or utilisation area, the concentration of any pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed concentration limits specified in the relevant environment protection licence.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): There no discharge points in the EPL. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Hazards and Risk Management – Hayes Dock Interin	n Uses	
C2.15A	Port, maritime and waterways related uses within Hayes Dock may involve the loading, unloading and storage of minor volumes of dangerous goods (DGs) for the sole purpose of minor site maintenance; line boat, barge and tug maintenance; related service activities and boat refuelling.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick terminal does use or access Hayes Dock Services Area. This condition is not applicable to the Patrick operation. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable
	Hazards and Risk Management - Storage and Handling of Dangerous Goods		
C2.16	Prior to the commencement of operation, the Applicant shall develop management measures in consultation with the Major Hazards Unit of DPIE regarding the use of the new terminal for loading, unloading and storage of dangerous goods of Classes 2.3 and 6.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick Emergency Response Plan includes the PIRMP (Pollution Incident Response Management Plan). The Emergency Response Plan (including PIRMP) was developed prior to the current audit period, to meet the expectation of the DPIEs Major Hazards Unit i.e. to ensure the actions of Patrick when dealing with an emergency involving Class 2.3 or Class 6 dangerous goods did not increase the off-site risk described in the Preliminary Hazard Analysis. The PIRMP covers the guideline issued by the EPA. 2023 - Status: The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) and Emergency Response Procedures (including PIRMP)	Compliant
		(dated 23 September 2023), and OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.8 was developed to meet the expectation of the DPIE's Major Hazards Unit i.e. to ensure the actions of Patrick when dealing with an emergency involving Class 2.3 or Class 6 dangerous goods did not increase the off-site risk described in the Preliminary Hazard Analysis.	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
C2.17	Twelve months after the determination of DA-494-11-2003-I MOD 16, the Proponent shall submit an annual report to the Secretary which provides details on actual Dangerous Goods movements listed in Table 1 provided in Schedule 4.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Clarified with the issue of DA 494 MOD 16, which was superseded by MOD 17 (19 September 2019).	Compliant
	Should the threshold limits listed in Table 2 in Schedule 4 be exceeded for three consecutive annual reporting years, or if the maximum limits are reached in a single 12 month reporting, the Applicant shall prepare an updated hazard analysis for the PBE operations. The hazard analysis shall: - Be prepared in consultation with the Department; - Be prepared in accordance with <i>Hazardous Industry Planning Pater No. 6</i> ,	**Submission of the Annual DG Report to the Department is managed by NSW Ports. 2023 – Status: Patrick issued its report of Dangerous Goods throughput for Berth 6 (1-Sep-22 to 31-Aug-23) to NSW Ports (as DA	
	 Be prepared in accordance with Hazardous industry Planning Pater No. 6, 'Hazard Analysis'; Assess compliance against the land use safety planning risk criteria (including individual fatality risk, injury/irritation risk and societal risk), as outlined in Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 4, 'Risk Criteria for Land Use Safety Planning'; and Assess whether the risks from PBE operations will significantly impact on the cumulative risk contour of 1 x 10-6 per annum, contained in Figure 2 of the Port Botany Land Use Safety Study Overview Report 1996, or any other revised land use safety study for the Port that supersedes the 1996 study. The report shall be prepared to the satisfaction of the Secretary. 	494 applicant) on 22 January 2023. Refer to Appendix B of this report. (Patrick has not received correspondence from NSW Ports re the submission of the Port Botany Expansion (DA-494-11-2003-i) Annual Dangerous Goods Report (1-Sep-22 to 31-Aug-23) to the DPIE.)	
	The hazard analysis is to be submitted to the Secretary within 6 months of an identified threshold exceedance, or as agreed to by the Secretary.		
	The information provided shall cover all stevedores in the PBE area. The information may be provided separately by each stevedore to the Department or in total for the PBE by the Applicant.		

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ο.	Со	ndition of Appro	oval 494 - Detail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	SCHEDULE 4 – DANGEROUS	GOODS REPORTI	NG THRESHOLDS			
	Table 1 Dangerous Goods Re	eporting Threshol	d		2023 - Status:	Compliant
	DG Class	shipping containe 1 per year con	pe and number of ers through PBE ^{Note} taining DG Class	Comments	On 22 January 2024 Patrick reported to NSW Ports the Patrick's report of <u>Dangerous Goods throughput for Berth 6</u> (1-Sep-22 to 31-Aug-23) to NSW Ports (as DA 494 applicant).	
		From 2 te up to 12 te NEQ Note 2	≥ 12 te NEQ Note 2		Refer to Appendix B.	
	Total Class 1.1 & 1.2	83	63	Number as per PHA (rev. 7) Table 6.8	Patrick's total volume of the specific DG Classes are well below the defined reporting threshold limit as defined in	
		Containers of packaged material	Tanktainers (Bulk) (<= 20 m³)		Table 1, Schedule 4 of MOD 17. Class 1.1 and 1.2 – 0 containers Class 2.3 - 10 containers	
	Class 2.3	157	-	Packaged material is total of Class 2.3 as per PHA Table 6.8	• Class 8 – 2 containers	
	Toxic gases DG Class 2.3	-	26	Class 2.3 Tanktainers (bulk) – new figure developed from Technical Note Section 2.5 Note 3	Note: Patrick has not received correspondence from NSW Ports re the cumulative data from Patrick and Hutchison Ports as per Port Botany Expansion (DA-494-11-2003-I, MOD 17) Annual Dangerous Goods Report (1-Sep-22 to 31-Aug-23 to	
	Very Toxic gases, DG Class 2.3 substances including Chlorine (1017), Sulphur Dioxide (1079) and Methyl Bromide (1062) or any Class 2.3 substance meeting GHS Note 4 Acute Toxicity Category 1	-	1		the DPIE.	
	Class 8 only Hydrogen Fluoride (1051)	11	23	HF numbers as per PHA (rev. 7) Table 6.8		
	Notes: (1) PBE (Port Botany Expansion (2) Contents weight can be use te NEQ can be assumed to e (3) Technical Note, PBE Propose Consulting Pty Ltd, Docume (4) UN chemical classification, 0	d to assign container requal 1 te contents we ed revision of Condition to No. 21137-TN-001 I	numbers to a Net Explos ight in a container. In of Consent in relation Rev 0 22 May 2017.	ive Quantity (NEQ) range. 1		

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The Applicant shall not store or handle or permit to be stored or handled, dangerous goods of Class 2.3, toxic compressed or liquefied gases above the quantities stored or handled in 1995/96	<u>2023 – Status:</u>	Compliant
except in accordance with recommendations 1.1 and 1.2 in the Port Botany Land Use Safety Study (1996).	As per condition C2.17 above, the Annual Dangerous Goods Report findings concluded the annual threshold limits for this reporting period were not exceeded. Refer to Appendix B	Compilation
Not assigned (condition deleted from Development Consent)		
Emergency Incident Management - Emergency Response and Incident	ent Management Plan	
The Applicant shall develop an Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan in consultation with EPA, DPIE, Council and the Community Consultative Committee. The Plan must be approved by the Secretary prior to the commencement of operations and shall detail: - terminal security and public safety issues; - effective spill containment and management; - effective firefighting capabilities; - effective response to emergencies and critical incidents; and - a single set of emergency procedures, consistent with the existing Port Botany Emergency Plan, should be developed that be scaled as appropriate for any incident or emergency.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) and Emergency Response Procedures (November 2015) have been developed and attached to the OEMP as Appendix N and approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). The Patrick Emergency Response Plan includes the PIRMP (Pollution Incident Response Management Plan). The PIRMP covers the guideline issued by the EPA. 2023 – Status: The Emergency Response Plan (which includes the PIRMP) (updated 23 September 2023) was revised to include the relocation of the new Truck Grids and 600m Rail.	Compliant
Aviation Operational Impacts - Impact on Aviation Operations at Sy	udney Airport	
The Applicant shall ensure that the location of fixed terminal operating infrastructure adequately takes into account the required lateral separation distances to minimise the interference to Sydney Airport radar and navigational systems.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick obtained approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of three quay cranes [Nos 12, 13 & 14] into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval was granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of the Department of Infrastructure and Transport on 12 December 2012. 2023 – Status: No change	Compliant
	Emergency Incident Management - Emergency Response and Incident The Applicant shall develop an Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan in consultation with EPA, DPIE, Council and the Community Consultative Committee. The Plan must be approved by the Secretary prior to the commencement of operations and shall detail: - terminal security and public safety issues; - effective spill containment and management; - effective firefighting capabilities; - effective response to emergencies and critical incidents; and - a single set of emergency procedures, consistent with the existing Port Botany Emergency Plan, should be developed that be scaled as appropriate for any incident or emergency. Aviation Operational Impacts - Impact on Aviation Operations at Sy The Applicant shall ensure that the location of fixed terminal operating infrastructure adequately takes into account the required lateral separation distances to minimise the interference	Emergency Incident Management - Emergency Response and Incident Management Plan in consultation with EPA, DPIE, Council and the Community Consultative Committee. The Plan must be approved by the Secretary prior to the commencement of operations and shall detail: - terminal security and public safety issues; - effective spill containment and management; - effective firefighting capabilities; - effective response to emergency and critical incidents; and - a single set of emergency procedures, consistent with the existing Port Botany Emergency Plan, should be developed that be scaled as appropriate for any incident or emergency. Aviation Operational Impacts - Impact on Aviation Operations at Sydney Airport The Applicant shall ensure that the location of fixed terminal operating infrastructure adequately takes into account the required lateral separation distances to minimise the interference to Sydney Airport radar and navigational systems. Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) and the Emergency Response Procedures (November 2015) have been developed and attached to the OEMP as Appendix N and approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). The Patrick Emergency Response Plan includes the PIRMP (Pollution Incident Response Management Plan). The PIRMP covers the guideline issued by the EPA. 2023 – Status: The Emergency Response Plan (which includes the PIRMP) (updated 23 September 2023) was revised to include the relocation of the new Truck Grids and 600m Rail. Airports (Protection of Airspace): Patrick obtained approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of three quay cranes [Nos 12, 13 & 14] into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval was granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of the Department of Infrastructure and Transport on 12

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	Aviation Operational Impacts - Obstacle Limitation Surface			
C2.22	The Applicant shall ensure that all operation equipment is below the obstacle limitation surface, unless otherwise permitted by an approval under the Airports Act 1999 and Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulation 1966.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): As per C2.21 above. 2023 – Status: No change	Compliant	
	Aviation Operational Impacts - Terminal Lighting		_	
C2.23	The Applicant shall ensure design specifications of the terminal lighting conform to the requirements of Regulation 94 of the Civil Aviation regulations 1988.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick has obtained approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of three (3) quay cranes [Nos. 12, 13 & 14] into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval was granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of Department of Infrastructure& Transport on 12 December 2012. Patrick has obtained approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of fourth Liebherr cranes [No. 15] into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval was granted by Department of Infrastructure, Transport,	Compliant	
		Regional Development and Communication on 29 June 2020. 2023 – Status:		
		Section 6.8 of the OEMP addresses potential aviation operational impacts and controls which include monitoring, including light management in service agreements, direction of plant and facility lighting downwards.		
		No complaints regarding lighting were received during the audit period.		
		No changes have been made in the lighting or the location of the lights.		

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	Aviation Operational Impacts - Light Spill			
C2.24	The Applicant shall adopt measures to ensure that there is minimal light spill from ships which may cause distraction, confusion or glare to pilots. These may include: - minimising ship board lighting while berthed; - orientating ships in a specific direction; and or - providing temporary shielding on the ship mounted floodlights while docked.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Maritime Order 32 Schedule 1 (2) lighting requires adequate lighting during loading or unloading activities. When vessels are loaded/unloaded at night and sufficient lighting will be required to undertake loading or discharge operations. Note: The Pre-Operational Compliance Report for the Patrick Port Botany 'Knuckle and Ramp D' (dated December 2015) lists the status of this condition as "open" with comments about consultation with relevant parties. 2023 – Status: Section 6.8 of the OEMP addresses potential aviation operational impacts and controls which include monitoring, including light management in service agreements, direction of plant and facility lighting downwards. Additionally, LED lights are being progressively installed throughout the terminal's mobile plant to further reduce light spill. No complaints regarding lighting were received during the audit period. No changes have been made in the lighting or the location of the lights.	Compliant	
	Aviation Operational Impacts - Bird Hazard Management Plan			
C2.25	Prior to operations, the Applicant shall develop a Bird Hazard Management Plan to minimise the attraction of bird species that pose a risk to aircraft movements. The Plan is to be prepared in consultation with the Department of Transport and Regional Services, Sydney Airport Corporation and Botany and Randwick Councils. The Plan must be approved by the Secretary prior to the commencement of operations.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Patrick initial Bird Hazard Management Plan as part of the OEMP was conditionally approved by the General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.9 - Bird Hazard Management Plan.	Compliant	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
C3 C3.1	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail COMMUNITY INFORMATION, INVOLVEMENT AND CONSULTATION Community Information, Involvement and Consultation The Applicant must meet the following requirements in relation to community consultation and complaints management: - all monitoring, management and reporting documents required under the development consent shall be made publicly available; - provide means by which public comments, inquiries and complaints can be received, and ensure that those means are adequately publicised; and - includes details of a register to be kept of all comments, inquiries and complaints received by the above means, including the following register	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): A Statement of Compliance, and a Monitoring and Complaints Summary is provided to NSW EPA as part of the Annual Return (OEMP). Contact details and 24/7 enquires and concerns line (Ph. (02) 9394 0308) is available to the public on Patrick's website: https://patrick.com.au/about/safety-and-environment/ . Following the end of each quarter Patrick prepared and issued a	
	fields: i. the date and time, where relevant, of the comment, inquiry or complaint; ii. the means by which the comment, inquiry or complaint was made (telephone, fax, mail, email or in person); iii. any personal details of the commenter, inquirer or complainant that were provide, or if no details were provided, a note to that effect; iv. the nature of the complaint; v. any actions(s) taken by the Applicant in relation to the comment, inquiry or complaint, including any follow-up contact with the commenter, inquirer or complainant; vi. if no action was taken by the Applicant in relation to the comment, inquiry or complaint, the reason(s) why no action was taken; - Provide quarterly reports to the Department and EPA, unless otherwise agreed by the Secretary, outline details of complaints received.	copy of the Community Feedback Quarterly Report to the DPIE, NSW Ports and the EPA. 2023 – Status: The process for managing public comments, inquiries and complaints is documented in the OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) and reporting is addressed in the OEMP, Section 4.6. Action: Complete Quarter 4 for 2023.	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Community Consultative Committee		
C3.2	At least 6 months prior to commencement of operations, the Applicant shall establish a Community Consultative Committee to oversee the environmental performance of the development. This committee shall: a) be comprised of: • 2 representatives from the Applicant, including the person responsible for environmental management; • 1 representative from Botany Bay City Council; and • at least 3 representatives from the local community, whose appointment has been approved by the Secretary in consultation with the Council; b) be chaired by an independent party approved by the Secretary; c) meet at least four times a year, or as otherwise agreed by the CCC; d) review and provide advice on the environmental performance of the development, including any construction or environmental management plans, monitoring results, audit reports, or complaints; and e) port rail noise within the Port Botany Expansion site is to be an ongoing agenda item to be discussed by the CCC and relevant stakeholders; and f) within 12 months of the commencement of MOD 16, an advertisement must be placed for new members to join the CCC, given that the other working groups such as the RNWG are no longer present. Note: The Applicant may, with the approval of the Secretary, combine the function of this CCC with the function of other existing Community Consultative mechanisms the area, including the construction phase CCC (Condition B3.2) however, if it does this it must ensure that the above obligations are fully met in the combined process.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): NSW Ports have confirmed they are responsible for the implementation of this condition. A Patrick representative attends the 3-monthly Port Botany Community Consultative Committee (PBCCC). Patrick provides updates during the meeting as and when required / requested. Port rail noise is included in the agenda as a routine agenda item. It is noted that NSW Pots (not Patrick) is responsible for 2023 – Status: During 2023 four PBCCC meetings were held with Patrick personnel attending all of them during the reporting period. The quarterly meetings were held on: 2 February 2023 – Sam Steel attended from Patrick 2 May 2023 – Sam Steel attended from Patrick 1 August 2023 7 November 2023 Minutes of the PBCCC meetings are available on the NSW Ports website: https://www.nswports.com.au/resources-filtered/port-botany-ccc-minutes	Compliant

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
C3.3	 The Applicant shall, at its own expense: a. ensure that 2 of its representatives attend the Committee's meetings; b. provide the Committee with regular information on the environmental performance and management of the development; c. provide meeting facilities for the Committee; d. arrange site inspections for the Committee, if necessary; e. take minutes of the Committee's meetings; f. make these minutes available on the Applicant's website within 14 days of the Committee meeting, or as agreed to by the Committee; g. respond to any advice or recommendations the Committee may have in relation to the environmental management or performance of the development; and h. forward a copy of the minutes of each Committee meeting, and any responses to the Committee's recommendations to the Secretary within a month of the Committee meeting. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): NSW Ports have confirmed they are responsible for the compliance with this condition, and it is satisfied by the Port Botany Community Consultative Committee (PBCCC). Representatives are from the community, tenants of the Port Botany Precinct, Local Council, NSW Ports, EPA etc. 2023 – Status: Refer to CoA C3.2. Minutes of the PBCCC meetings are available on the NSW Ports website: https://www.nswports.com.au/resources-filtered/port-botany-ccc-minutes	Compliant

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
C4	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND AUDITING			
	Incident Reporting			
C4.1	The Secretary shall be notified of any incident with actual or potential significant off-site impacts on people or the biophysical environment within 12 hours of the Applicant, or other relevant party undertaking the development, becoming aware of the incident. Full written details of the incident shall be provided to the Secretary within seven days of the date on which the incident occurred. The Secretary may require additional measures to be implemented to address the cause or impact of any incident, as it relates to this consent, reported in accordance with this condition, within such period as the Secretary may require.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): No water quality monitoring is required by the EPL (6962) and there are no licenced discharge points. Patrick has advanced incident reporting protocols that align with the POEO Act, in that incidents with potential material harm is notified. 2023 – Status: OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.4 – Environmental Reporting sets out reporting requirements. In total 15 x environmental events were recorded in the incident management system during the audit period. None of those were deemed by Patrick to be reportable to the DPHI and EPA. The Auditor concurs with this assessment.	Compliant	

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Annual Environmental Management Report (AEMR)		
C4.2	 The Applicant must prepare an Annual Environmental Management Report for the development. The Annual Environmental Management Report must: detail compliance with the conditions of this consent; contain a copy of the Complaints Register (for the preceding twelve-month period, exclusive of personal details) and details of how these complaints were addressed and resolved; include a comparison of the environmental impacts and performance predicted in the EIS and additional information documents provided to the Department and Commission of Inquiry; detail results of all environmental monitoring required under the development consent and other approvals, including interpretations and discussion by a suitably qualified person; contain a list of occasions in the preceding twelve-month period when environmental performance goals have not been achieved, indicating the reason for the failure to meet the goals and the actions taken to prevent recurrence of that type of incident; be prepared within twelve months of commencement of operation, and every twelve months thereafter; to the satisfaction of the Secretary for approval; and be made available for public inspection. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The requirement for an annual environmental management report (AEMR) (which also includes the Annual Compliance Report, DA 453 condition 6.6) is detailed in the OEMP (version 3, 2022), Section 4.4 – Environmental Reporting. While for compliance purposes the date the Patrick site was deemed operational was the 4 February 2016, for ease this AEMR covers the 12-month period from the calendar year i.e., 1 January to 31 December. The AEMR is required to be submitted no later than 60 calendar days after the end of each reporting period (i.e., end February) as per the NSW Government – "Annual Review Guidelines", Postapproval requirements for State significant mining developments, October 2015. 2023 – Status: The 2022 AMER was submitted on the 24 February 2023. A copy of the submitted 2022 AMER is available for public inspection on request.	Compliant
C4.3	Removed – refer to MOD 17.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): This condition ex MOD 16 was removed from MOD 17 (19 September 2019). 2023- Status: No change.	Not Applicable

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Environmental Training		
C4.4	Prior to the commencement of operations an Environmental Training Program shall be developed and implemented to establish a framework in which relevant employees will be trained in environmental management and the operation of plant and equipment, including pollution control equipment, where relevant. The Program shall include, but not necessarily be limited to: a) identification of relevant employment positions associated with the development that have an operational or management role related to environmental performance; b) details of appropriate training requirements for relevant employees; c) a program for training relevant employees in operational and/ or management issues associated with environmental performance; and d) a program to confirm and update environmental training and knowledge during employment of relevant persons.	2023 – Status: OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.3 – Induction and Training requirements are specified the Environmental Training requirements. Section 4.3 of the OEMP identifies the training framework in operations. This includes induction, toolbox talks and specific task / work area training. Observation: The site induction and training material for storm pits and the new refuelling facility for the current audit period. However the training being delivered appears to be inconsistent with that described in Section 4.3 of the OEMP.	Observation

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No.	Condition of Approval 494 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Environmental Auditing		
C4.5	 Within one year of the commencement of operations and every year thereafter, the Applicant shall fund a full independent environmental audit. The audit must be undertaken by a suitably qualified person/team approved by the Secretary. The audits would be made publicly available and would: be carried out in accordance with ISO 14010 – Guidelines and General Principles for Environmental Auditing and ISO 14011 – Procedures for Environmental Auditing; assess compliance with the requirements of this consent, and other licences and approvals that apply to the development; assess the construction against the predictions made and conclusions drawn in the development application, EIS, additional information and Commission of Inquiry material; and review the effectiveness of the environmental management of the development, including any environmental impact mitigation works. Note: An independent and transparent environmental audit can verify compliance (or otherwise) with the Minister's consent and various approvals. Auditing also provides an opportunity for continued improvement in environmental performance. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): On 3 October 2017 the DPE approved Wolf Peak Australia Pty Ltd auditors (Steve Fermio and Derek Low) to conduct the independent environmental audits. 2023 – Status: The 2023 annual Independent Environmental Compliance Audit was conducted by WolfPeak on the 11 January 2024. A copy of the final DA-453 audit report will be uploaded onto the DPIE Major Projects Portal within two weeks of receiving the report.	Compliance

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Appendix B: Dangerous Goods Movements through Berth 6

Table B: DA 494, C2.17: Schedule 4 - Dangerous Goods Reporting Thresholds: DG containers through Patrick (Berth 6): 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 (emailed to NSW Ports, 22 January 2024).

	1 - Dangerous Goods Report Threshol				_	-Sep-22 to 31- Aug-23		
Source:	Port Botany Expansion DA-494, MOD 17, 19 Sept	ember 2019 - Tab	ole 1 provided in	Schedule 4 - Dan	gerous Goods R	eporting Thresholds		
DG Class	DG Class Description		ote 1 per year co	shipping containe		Comments ex DA-494-11-2003-I		
		From 2 t 12 te NE		Greater than or equal to 12 te NEQ ^{Note 2}		MOD 17, 19-Sep-19, Condition 2.17		
		Limit	Actual (Berth 6)	Limit	Actual (Berth 6)			
1	Total Class 1.1 and 1.2	83	0	63	0	Number as per PHA (rev7) Table 6.8		
		NOTE -	DIFFERENT SI	ZES TO THOSE A	ABOVE			
		Containers of packaged material		kaged Tanktainers (Bulk) (<= 20 m³)		Comments ex DA-494-11-2003-I		
		Limit	Actual (Berth 6)	Limit	Actual (Berth 6)	MOD 17, 19-Sep-19, Condition 2.17		
2	Class 2.3	157	10	-	_	Packaged material is total of Class 2.3 as per PHA Table 6.8		
	Toxic Gases, DG Class 2.3			26	0	Class 2.3 Tanktankers (bulk) - new figure developed from Technical Note Section 2.5 Note 3		
	Very Toxic Gases, DG Class 2.3 substances including - Chlorine (UN 1017), Sulphur Dioxide (UN 1079) and Methyl Bromide (UN 1062) or any Class 2.3 substance meeting GHS Note 4 Acute Toxicity Category 1			1	0			
8	Class 8 only Hydrogen Fluoride (UN 1052)	11	1	23	1	HF Numbers as per PHA (rev7) Table 6.8		
Notes:								
	PBE (Port Botany Expansion), numbers are inclu	sive of all steved	lores operating	under this conse	ent.			
1								
2		er numbers to a f	Net Explosive Q	uantity (NEQ) ran	ge. 1 te NEQ can	be assumed to equal 1 te		

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Appendix C: Port Botany Expansion - Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)

Table C.1 -PBE Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) - Assessment Predicted Rating

Category	Definition	
Predicted	Largely as predicted / concluded	
Partially Predicted	rtially Predicted Partially as predicted / unknown / concluded	
Not Predicted	Not predicted	
Not Applicable	Not applicable	

Table C.2 - PBE Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) - Predictions and Conclusions

Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023		
Chapter	Chapter 16 - Hydrology and Water Quality				
16.4.2	Surface Water Quality				
	Dredging and Reclamation	<u>2023 – Status</u> :	Predicted		
	Initial consolidation of material in the reclaimed area is expected to take up to two years. During this time the surface of the reclamation, if not protected, may be subject to erosion. To control erosion, the surface of the newly reclaimed area would be stabilised and profiled to form sediment detention basins to contain sediment runoff until the reclaimed area is covered with an impervious surface. These control measures would be documented as part of the Construction EMP for the project.	The developed / redeveloped areas are fully surfaced and sealed.			
	Erosion and Sedimentation Dredged or construction material stockpiles and active construction areas may be subject to erosion and sedimentation from surface runoff.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Between 15 December 2014 and 2 May 2016, a Control (Red Import Fire Ant) Order was in place at Port Botany and prevented Patrick removing any excavated soils from site. Water spraying of soil stockpiles occurred. 2023 – Status: During 2023 there was no visible dust emissions reported to Patrick.	Predicted		

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	17 - Groundwater		
17.6.2	Groundwater Quality		
	The operation of the new terminal is expected to have minimal effect on groundwater quality. Once operational, all terminal activities would be conducted in a manner to prevent contamination of surface or groundwater from operational activities. An Operational EMP would be developed in the detailed design phase to ensure an adequate standard is applied to contamination control for the operation of the new terminal.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The operational areas of the terminal are fully sealed. 2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) with specific reference to the following sections: Section 6.2 - Stormwater Management Plan Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan And standard operating procedure: Storage & Handling of Hazardous / Dangerous Goods	Predicted
		These documents describe the controls which Patrick has in place to control spills/leaks, and control of waste and wastewater generated as part of its operations. The Stormwater Management Plan further details how Patrick will ensure that any surface pollutants shall be captured and treated to minimise the potential contamination to groundwater or waters.	

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023		
Chapter	hapter 18 - Geology, Soils and Geotechnical				
18.4.2	Soil Erosion				
	The operations at the new terminal would take place on reclaimed and hard surfaced pavement. There is no requirement for soil removal or disturbance during operation of the terminal. Stormwater collection and treatment systems would be designed to capture surface water runoff from all impervious surfaces. Therefore, the operation of the new terminal is expected to have minimal effects on soil erosion. Soil in the vicinity of facilities outside the new terminal area, such as the proposed railway, boat ramp and car park, would be stabilised and erosion in these areas would be low.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Stormwater quality improvement devices (SQIDs) have been installed at the terminal and are operational, and routinely inspected / maintained. 2023 – Status: There is no evidence of soil erosion identified in the operational areas.	Predicted		
18.4.3	Sediment Contamination				
	Leaks and spills from operations at the new container terminal would be contained by the proposed stormwater detention and treatment system. There is low potential for leaching of contaminants through the hard stand areas. Environmental management measures would be included in the Operational EMP	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Stormwater Management Plan formed part of the OEMP and was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin, Lend Lease)). Stormwater quality improvement devices (SQIDs) have been installed at the terminal and are operational, and routinely inspected / maintained. 2023 – Status:	Predicted		
		Refer to the OEMP (22 September 2023) with specific reference to: Section 6.2 – Stormwater Management Plan.			

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
Chapter	Chapter 18 - Geology, Soils and Geotechnical			
18.5.2	Operation			
	The operation of the new terminal would have minimal effects on geology, soils and geotechnical issues. Once operational, all terminal activities would be conducted in a manner to prevent soil erosion and contamination from operational activities. A SWMP would be developed as part of an Operational EMP to ensure an adequate standard is applied to sediment control for the operation of new terminal. This plan would also address stormwater management and be prepared in accordance with NSW EPA requirements. The SWMP for operations would be incorporated in the Operational EMP. Management measures would include: • a first flush system to capture sediment and contaminants from surface water runoff from the new terminal; • treatment of surface water runoff from potential pollutant areas on the new terminal by a wastewater treatment system prior to discharge to sewer; • investigation of the feasibility of installation of sediment traps on Floodvale and Springvale Drains to reduce influx of sediment to Penrhyn Estuary; • emergency response plan for fuel, oil and chemical spills; and • storage and handling of all dangerous goods in accordance with Australian Standards, Dangerous Goods Regulations and NSW EPA requirements.	2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) with specific reference to: Section 6.2 – Stormwater Management Plan; and the Emergency Response Plan (dated 23 September 2023).	Predicted	
Chapter	19 – Aquatic Ecology			
19.6.1	Potential Physical, Chemical and Biological Stressors			
	Noise, Vibration and Light Vibration would occur as a result of construction and operation of the new terminal. Most aquatic animals would tend to habituate to the changes in noise and vibration, therefore, impacts could be considered as low.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The level of vibrations at Patrick would be similar with the types of activities conducted at the adjacent container terminals. 2023 – Status: The Patrick operations have not directly resulted in any increase of vessels in the Port Botany area.	Predicted	

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Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany)

2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023		
19.6.1	Potential Physical, Chemical and Biological Stressors Continued				
	Introduced Species There appear to be no aspects of the proposal likely to enhance the risk of the introduction of exotic species, other than an increase in risk associated with greater numbers of vessels using Port Botany. In terms of introduced species already in Botany Bay, there is some risk of changes in distribution associated with the proposed port expansion for: Caulerpa taxifolia presently occurring along Foreshore Beach.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): In the most recent Port Botany Long-term Seagrass Monitoring (2018) the invasive alga Caulerpa taxifolia was not mentioned beyond noting if it was present in the Foreshore Beach or Penrhyn Estuary area. The most recent Shorebird Monitoring Annual Report uploaded on the Port Authority of New South Wales (formerly SPC) website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/3847/el1112046-port-botany-shorebird-monitoring-annual-report-2018-rev-0-fi.pdf Penrhyn Estuary rehabilitation website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/environment/environmental-management/penrhyn-estuary-rehabilitation/ 2023 — Status: No change.	Predicted		
19.6.2	Management of the possible spread of <i>Caulerpa Taxifolia</i> would form part of a Construction and Operational EMP.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The management and monitoring of Caulerpa taxifolia is addressed in section 2.1.5 of the Port Botany Expansion Penrhyn Estuary Habitat Enhancement Plan (March 2007) https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/1084/pehep report execsummary.pdf The management of Caulerpa taxifolia is not included in the Patrick OEMP as Patrick has limited control over activities outside of the terminal boundaries. 2023 – Status: No change.	Predicted		
19.7.2	Marine Mammals				
	With the current operation of the port it appears that marine mammals are able to co-exist with the port operations. A Marine Mammal Management Plan would, however, be prepared to ensure that the occurrence of marine mammals in the vicinity of the port during operations is appropriately managed. This would form part of the Operational EMP and would be prepared in consultation with NPWS.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Port Authority of NSW (formerly Sydney Ports Corporation) monitors the presence and location of marine mammals in Botany Bay and through Harbour Control will advise commercial vessels and port operations if there are any marine hazard or emergency. Patrick's OEMP does not include a Marine Management Plan. 2023 – Status: No change.	Predicted		

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	19 – Aquatic Ecology		
19.7.4	Monitoring and Feedback		
	Baseline Monitoring - Monitoring of the effects of the proposed port expansion on aquatic ecology would require investigation during construction and operation. Monitoring would be required before construction begins to compile appropriate baseline data. The proposed monitoring would be described in the Construction and Operational EMPs for the project and would include the measures described below: The Water Column – Following construction, water quality would be measured on a regular basis within Penrhyn Estuary. Indicators would include turbidity, dissolved oxygen, temperature, salinity, pH, nutrients, heavy metals and organic contaminants. In particular, organic contaminants (e.g. VHCs) would be measured in relation to an influx of contaminated groundwater into Penrhyn Estuary. Seagrass, Algae and Associated Fauna - Monitoring programs would be designed and implemented for seagrass during the construction and operational phases of the project. The seagrass indicators that would be considered include extent and coherence of beds (i.e. patchiness) and morphological characteristics, including shoot density, leaf length and width and extent of epiphytic growth. The occurrence and persistence of nuisance algae within Penrhyn Estuary as a result of nutrients from the catchments of Floodvale and Springvale Drains would be monitored to enable an appropriate management response. Finally, organisms utilising the compensatory seagrass beds would be monitored to evaluate diversity and abundance. It is suggested that a good indicator of this would be fish and mobile invertebrates (e.g. prawns) which can be readily collected using standard sampling procedures (e.g. seine nets).	Background (do not remove): The management and monitoring of the effects on specific aquatic ecology of Foreshore Beach and Penrhyn Estuary is covered in section 3 of the Port Botany Expansion Penrhyn Estuary Habitat Enhancement Plan (PEHEP) (March 2007) located on the Port Authority of NSW (formerly SPC) website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/1084/pehep report execsummary.pdf. Monitoring of the PEHEP is managed by Cardno on behalf of the Port Authority of NSW – refer to: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhyn-estuary-rehabilitation/ The results of the Port Botany Post Construction Environmental Monitoring is detailed in the "End of Project Report" 22 October 2019 located on the Port Authority of NSW website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/3846/el1112046-port-botany-end-of-project-report-rev-1-final.pdf Patrick's OEMP does not include monitoring aquatic ecology. 2023 – Status: No change.	Predicted

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023			
Chapter	Chapter 20 - Terrestrial Ecology					
20.8.4	Habitat Enhancement					
	Saltmarsh Protection and Transplantation / Reestablishment A Vegetation Management Plan (VMP) detailing methodologies for saltmarsh excavation, storage, propagation and transplantation would be prepared and would be incorporated as part of the Construction and Operational EMPs for the project.	Background (do not remove): The habitat management and maintenance of saltmarsh is addressed in section 3.1.2 The Vegetation Management Plan is covered in Appendix C of the Port Botany Expansion Penrhyn Estuary Habitat Enhancement Plan (March 2007) located on the Port Authority of NSW website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/1084/pehep_report_execsummary.pdf . The results are summarised in the Port Botany Post-Construction Environmental Monitoring – Saltmarsh Summary Reports located on the Port Authority of NSW website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhyn-estuary-rehabilitation/	Predicted			
	Mangrove Removal and Control A Vegetation Management Plan (VMP) detailing methodologies for mangrove removal and control would be prepared and would be incorporated as part of the Construction and Operational EMPs for the project.	Background (do not remove): The habitat management and maintenance of mangroves is addressed in section 3.1.3 of the Port Botany Expansion Penrhyn Estuary Habitat Enhancement Plan (March 2007) located on the Port Authority of NSW website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/media/1084/pehep report execsummary.pdf. The results are summarised in the Port Botany Post-Construction Environmental Monitoring – Annual Reports located on the Port Authority of NSW website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhyn-estuary-rehabilitation/ 2023 – Status: No change.	Predicted			

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Concl	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
Chapter -	- 20 Terrestrial Ecology			
20.8.4	Habitat Enhancement			
	 Control of Feral Animals The following two measures would assist in the control of feral a at Penrhyn Estuary, these include: ensure rubbish is placed in appropriately covered bins at all ensure rubbish is regularly disposed; and should shorebird monitoring during construction and opera the Port Botany Expansion reveal feral cat and fox predation shorebirds) to be an ongoing issue, a 1080 fox baiting program should be initiated in consultation with NPWS and an expension expension expension expension expension for the Port Botany Expansion for the Port Botany Expansion expension and Operational EMP for the Port Botany Expansion expensions and the management of garbage particularly in the habitat enhancement areas, and the viability of baiting program to be initiated in conjunction with NPWS. 	for the reduction of litter and regular emptying of enclosed rubbish bins, thereby assisting in the control of feral animals. The current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) includes a Bird Management Plan, Section 6.9 - Bird Hazard Management Plan: Any feral animals found on site are managed by contractors. A Feral Animal Management Plan (FAMP) is included in the OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.3 – Feral Animal Management Plan.	Predicted	
20.10	Conclusion			
	one seabird species considered as regular or occasional visitors to Penrhyn Estuary could include disturbance to feeding and roosting from a change in lighting regime, increased movement, noise from construction and operation of the port (and associated infrastructure such as railway lines) and potential entry/exit flyway barriers due to the enclosure of Penrhyn Estuary. - Porton	Bround ex Patrick (do not remove): The results of the Shorebird Monitoring Program Botany Post-Construction Environmental Monitoring, i.e., Shore Bird Reports Shorebird Peak Season Summary Report - 2017-18 Shorebird Off-Peak Season Summary Report - September 2018 Shorebird Monitoring Annual Report - 2018 End of Project Report - 22 October 2019 ed on the Port Authority of New South Wales (formerly SPC) website: ://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhyn-ry-rehabilitation/ - Status: No change.	Predicted	

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Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany)

2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	21 - Traffic and Transportation		
21.10	Conclusion		
	It has been assumed that the volume moved by rail would be 30% of container throughput by 2006 and 40% by 2011.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Most landside freight movements to and from Port Botany are made by road. As part of the long-term strategy to increase rail freight throughput at Port Botany, the Australian government is supporting the development of a large intermodal terminal at Moorebank in Sydney's south-west. ACCC Container Stevedoring Monitoring Report 2018-19 (November 2019) - https://www.accc.gov.au/publications/container-stevedoring-monitoring-report/container-stevedoring-monitoring-report-2018-19 NSW Ports announced on 27 November 2018 a \$120 investment to boost rail capacity at Port Botany. NSW Ports is set to invest in 'on-dock' rail infrastructure capacity at each of the three container terminals at Port Botany (approved via the SEPP (Three Ports) 2013 process), commencing the design phase in 2019. Investment will be staged, with stevedores being required to invest in rail operating equipment to meet target terminal capacities. Patrick is the first of the three stevedores to commit to the project. Expansion of the Patrick rail siding is currently under construction. 2023 – Status: No change	Predicted
Chapter	22 - Noise		
22.4.2	Operation Noise Impacts – Sleep	Disturbance Impacts	
	All predicted noise levels would be below the external level of 65 dBA which some researchers consider would not result in awakening reactions.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial ONMP (15 January 2015) was developed for the site, and is attached to the OEMP as Appendix D. In 2016 NSW EPA advised Patrick where levels exceed noise limits it was not deemed non-compliant based on the difficulty of attributing the detected noise emissions to Patrick's operations. Patrick did not report a recorded exceedance in the EPA Annual Return 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019, based on an email (20 July 2016) received from the EPA advising that Patrick was not deemed non-compliant based on the difficulty of attributing the detected noise levels in the community as having singularly come from Patrick's operations. 2023 – Status: Biannual noise monitoring is conducted six-monthly by Rodney Stevens Acoustics. Monitoring conducted in May and November 2023 identified some levels above the limits set by the EPA (EPL 6962). The noise emissions received at the designated locations have been estimated via calculation.	Predicted

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	22 - Noise		
22.5.2	Operation		
	A Noise Management Plan containing environmental management measures to assess and minimise noise from the operation of the new terminal would be developed. The Noise Management Plan would be included in the Operational EMP for the new terminal.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick initial ONMP and OTMP as part of the OEMP were approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)).	Predicted
	Machinery Noise Control - Noise level emissions would be a criteria for selection of new plant for the site. The quietest possible plant that satisfied the operational performance specifications would be selected and noise control kits fitted where required. Regular maintenance of machinery would be carried out to ensure optimal and efficient operation.	Noise levels and noise control specifications are required to be considered when procuring new plant. Maintenance is carried out on a routine / regular basis in accordance with OEM and the equipment/plant history/risk. Maintenance is scheduled and managed via Patrick's MAXIMO system.	
	Equipment Alarms - Audible safety alarms on some terminal equipment would be turned off during night hours (between 10.00 pm and 6.00 am) and replaced with visual alarms. It is understood that for certain types of equipment e.g. quay cranes (long travel alarm and high wind alarm) alarms are required to remain for safety reasons. In respect of other items of equipment, a safety assessment would be undertaken to identify where the audible alarms could be replaced with visual alarms without affecting safety.	During 2018 LED lights and low tonal devices (quackers) were installed across the fleet of mobile plant replacing connecting and/or reversing alarms, thereby reducing noise emissions to the working and local environment. Quay crane alarms for the movement of vessel hatch / deck lids have been standardised and positioned to be directing towards the ground.	
	Operator Awareness and Training - Operator awareness and training would be regularly conducted. Good training and awareness of noise issues would be implemented to minimise poor cargo handling practices.	2023 – Status: Patrick responds to all public comments, inquiries and	
	Complaints - Complaints would be assessed and responded to in a quick and efficient manner.	complaints received – refer to this AEMR, section 9.3 - Public Comments, Inquiries and Complaints Register; and Patrick's OEMP section 4.6 (dated 22 September 2023).	
	Noise monitoring — Noise monitoring would be conducted to assess impacts from the operation of the new terminal at locations most likely to be affected by the new terminal operations. The results of this monitoring would be discussed with the EPA and Planning NSW to identify any responses required, although the predicted noise levels would not be expected to occur for some years after the commencement of operations in about 2010. By this time, technological and operational changes are likely to be available which would reduce operational noise levels at the new terminal.	OLIMI Section 4.0 (dated 22 September 2023).	

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Chapter	22 - Noise		
	The Noise Management Plan would also contain the option for shore power to be provided to ships in the future. A Traffic Noise Management Plan would be developed for the new terminal. This plan would consider traffic route selection, traffic clustering and traffic rescheduling.	The Patrick Operational Noise Management Plan, Section 6.6 of the OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) refers to identifying opportunities to reduce operational noise include, but not necessarily limited to, section of equipment, engineering noise controls and shore-based power. The Patrick OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.7 – Operational Traffic Management Plan.	Predicted
		2023 – Status : No change.	
Chapter	23 - Air Quality		
23.8.2	Operation		
	Notwithstanding the fact that the proposed expansion is shown to result in acceptable impacts, the new terminal would be designed and constructed such that it could support the use of alternative energy for ships at berth (i.e. shore power), should ships be able to accept such power in the future. This would reduce ship emissions in the local area.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick could potentially support the use of alternative energy for ships at berth (i.e., shore power) if and when vessels which call into Patrick have been reconfigured to accept shore power. 2023 – Status: No change.	Partially Predicted

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Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany)

2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	24 - Cultural Heritage		
24.8	Assessment of Impacts During Operation		
	During the operational phase of the Port Botany Expansion there would be no impacts on Aboriginal, European or maritime heritage resources in the primary or secondary study area	<u>Background ex Patrick</u> (do not remove): The Knuckle (i.e., Port Botany Expansion DA 494) was constructed on reclaimed land and the operational areas sealed. The remaining area of the terminal was redeveloped on existing sealed areas. During construction / redevelopment of the site there were no heritage impacts reported. Rail expansion project (approved via the SEPP (Three Ports) 2013) - during construction / redevelopment no heritage impacts reported as being found. <u>2023 – Status:</u> No change.	Predicted
Chapter	25 - Visual Impact Assessment		
25.5	Mitigation Measures		
	Quay Crane specification – quay cranes for the new terminal would be approximately 50 m high.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Maximum height of the Patrick quay cranes as per approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083; and F20/697-15) for the intrusion of four quay cranes into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport.	Predicted
	Container Stacking height – containers would not be stacked more than six high (18 m) and would typically be only three high (9 m), as is the case with the existing terminals.	Quay Crane Specification: Approval for three cranes (No. 12, 13 & 14) were granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of the Department of Infrastructure and Transport on 12 December 2012. The fourth Liebherr crane (No. 15). approved by the Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communication on 29 June 2020 is installed at Berth 6.	
	Noise Wall – the proposed noise wall near the edge of the new terminal would be	Container stacking height : at Patrick's terminal will be no more than 3 high (as controlled by the RTCS software programming).	
	approximately 4 m in height and would partially screen the operations of the new terminal when viewed from foreshore areas near the port.	Noise attenuation wall: This was constructed by Hutchison Ports and is located within Hutchison Ports rail site positioned between Hutchison's rail siding and the Penrhyn Estuary. The wall is 3 metres high when parallel to the railway siding, and 4 metres high along the northern and eastern sides of the Hutchison Terminal.	
		2023 – Status: Refer to the Patrick OEMP (dated 22 September-2023), Section 6.6 - Operational Noise Management Plan.	

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
Chapter	26 - Social Impact Assessment			
26.5.5	Waste			
	Operation A Waste Management Plan (WMP) would be prepared and implemented by the terminal operator(s) as part of the Operational EMP for the new terminal and would include initiatives for sustainable waste management. All waste discharged by ships at the new terminal would be managed through established waste management practices.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Waste Management Plan (WMP) formed Appendix G of the OEMP and approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan.	Predicted	
Chapter	28 – Preliminary Hazard Analysis			
28.10.1	Mitigation Measures			
	The following mitigation measures would be implemented to manage the hazards and risks described above: i. containers with dangerous goods would be handled and transported in accordance with the Australian Standard 3846 (1998): The Handling and Transport of Dangerous Goods in Port Areas and the NSW Dangerous Goods (General) Regulation 1999; ii. an Occupational Health and Safety Plan would be developed by the terminal operator(s) to address the handling and transport of dangerous goods during the operation of the new terminal; iii. a notification system for the arrival or delivery of dangerous goods would be implemented; iv. restrictions on the time dangerous goods are allowed to be held within the port would be applied, supported by a loading/unloading plan and arrangement of transport to/from the berths; v. various classes of dangerous goods would be separated by safe distances on the berth;	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Mitigation measures include, but are not limited to: i. Standard Operating Procedure - Storage & Handling of Hazardous / Dangerous Goods prepared in accordance with AS3846 and the WHS Legislation (NSW Dangerous Goods (General) Regulation 1999 repealed; provisions saved under WHS Regulation). ii. As per item (i) above. iii. The Port Authority's ShiPS online system controls the movements of all dangerous goods (import and export) to the terminal. The Port Authority NSW DG Officer routinely audits terminals to ensure compliance with Red line and Green line cargo dwell times for DGs. iv. DGs are classified as Red line or Green line cargo in the ShiPS system and truck bookings are controlled to limit the duration that cargo is stored within the terminal. v. Patrick uses RTCS software to program separation of dangerous goods storage and movements around the terminal.	Predicted	

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2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	28 – Preliminary Hazard Analysis		
28.10.1	Mitigation Measures (continued)		
	 vi. suitable container handling equipment would be used to minimise risk of dropped containers; vii. suitable container loading/unloading, handling and stacking systems would be employed to minimise double handling and attendant risk of damaging containers; viii. the facility would be fitted with adequate yard signage and warning systems for mobile equipment; ix. there would be adequate warning systems for ships moving in the vicinity of the facility; x. a first flush drainage system would be installed and maintained to contain spills and contaminated runoff; xi. bunds would be constructed around diesel storage tanks; xii. fire fighting equipment would be provided and personnel trained in fire fighting and evacuation procedures; and xiii. emergency and incident management procedures would be developed (refer to Chapter 32 Emergency and Incident Management). 	 vi. During 2021, Patrick personnel involved with handling DG completed either the full 2-dy course or the 1-day refresher for the General Awareness & Maritime Function Specific (AMSA Accepted DG Training Course Amendment 40-20). vii. Patrick uses quay cranes, auto straddles and reach stackers with spreaders which lift containers from the top. Quay cranes and reach stackers have automated and manual systems to prevent containers from uncontrolled falls/drops; Auto Straddles have automated systems to prevent containers from uncontrolled falls/drops. viii. Patrick's operations are designed to minimise double handling. ix. Patrick utilises line marking, signage and fish-eye mirrors around the terminal, and all terminal vehicles are fitted with flashing lights. x. Mobile plant is fitted with low tonal devices (quackers); and connecting alarms on Auto Strads have been disconnected and replaced with LED lights. xi. Patrick does not control the berthing of vessels this task is undertaken by the Pilot of Port Authority NSW and third-party tug and line service providers. xii. Patrick has installed Puraceptors, Gross Pollution Traps and drain wardens to contain spills and contaminated runoff; xiii. Bunding has been constructed around the above ground diesel storage tanks (trans-tanks); xiv. Fire Fighting equipment (i.e. fire extinguishers) is installed at the Patrick terminal and key workers trained in its use; and all workers inducted to the site evacuation procedures. xv. The initial Incident Management and Investigation Procedure formed Appendix I to the OEMP. The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) and Emergency Response Procedures (November 2015) have been developed and attached to the OEMP as Appendix N and approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 	Predicted
		2023 Status: The current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) and the Emergency Response Plan (dated 23 September 2023).	

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	29 - Bird Hazard		
29.3.3	Operation		
	Sealed surfaces often provide ideal roost sites for large numbers of birds especially Silver Gulls. Bitumen surfaces provide a warm surface for roosting and are particularly attractive where areas are not subject to regular disturbance. These undisturbed open spaces have the potential to attract significant numbers of birds to the site, thereby potentially increasing the risk of bird strike at Sydney Airport. Areas illuminated at night are also likely to attract birds, especially Silver Gulls, as they provide a secure roosting environment and attract insects which birds feed upon. The additional port land may provide large areas of suitable roosting habitat for the Silver Gull. Flat surfaces of buildings, such as roofs, may provide suitable places for Silver Gulls to roost. Openings and ledges may provide roosting and nesting habitat for Feral Pigeons, Common Starlings, Common Mynas and other bird species associated with buildings. The pavements and buildings associated with the new terminal have the potential to attract significant numbers of birds to the site, thereby potentially increasing the risk of bird strike at Sydney Airport. It is therefore important to initiate deterrent strategies.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Bird Hazard Management Plan formed Appendix Q to the OEMP. The Plan was conditionally approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.9 - Bird Hazard Management Plan.	Predicted
29.4	Mitigation Measures		
	A Bird Hazard Management Plan would be prepared for the construction and operation of the Port Botany Expansion to reduce the risk of increasing bird hazards arising from the proposal. The plan would be incorporated in the Construction and Operational EMP and would include: • measures to minimise the attraction of birds, especially high-risk species such as Silver Gulls, Australian Pelicans and Australian White Ibises; • use of deterrents to prevent the build-up of birds; • exclusion of activities that attract birds in certain areas; • measures to minimise disturbance of birds at Penrhyn Estuary; • education about bird hazards; and • monitoring.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Bird Hazard Management Plan formed Appendix Q to the OEMP. The Plan was conditionally approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.9 - Bird Hazard Management Plan.	Predicted

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	30 - Operational Aviation Issues		-
30.4.2	Assessment of Impacts – Operation		
	Air Space There would be no fixed or mobile structures in the new terminal that would intrude into the OLS. Light Spill It is anticipated that light spill from the Port Botany Expansion would not adversely impact operations at Sydney Airport due to the following lighting design measures: High masts - lighting would be directed down to the intended application area with minimal light spill outside the area boundaries, by using asymmetric distribution horizontal flat glass floodlights, and would comply with CASA requirements Quay cranes - lighting of shuttle boom quay cranes would be specified as downlight type to meet civil aviation regulations. Lighting elements for access/egress stairs and gangways would be mounted horizontal (no tilt) and have internal shielding of the lamps to ensure correct cut off. Obstruction lights would be placed on cranes to mark these in accordance with civil aviation regulations (CAR Regulation 95). Buildings and associated areas — buildings and other external areas would be lit with floodlights that have a similar cut off lighting performance to those mounted on high masts. Internal building lighting would be similar to that used at the airport terminal and at the existing port facilities. Therefore, these areas would have a negligible impact on operations at Sydney Airport. Roads — cut off type road lighting and low level lighting elements would be used wherever possible to minimise light spill.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Maximum height of the Patrick quay cranes of 107.1 m as per approval under the Airports (Protection of Airspace) Regulations 1996 (APAR) (Ref: 12/5083) for the intrusion of three quay cranes into prescribed airspace for Sydney Airport. Approval for three cranes (No. 12, 13 & 14) were granted by Flysafe Aerodrome Precincts, Aviation and Airports Division of the Department of Infrastructure and Transport on 12 December 2012. An additional Liebherr crane (No. 15), approved by the Department of Infrastructure, Transport, Regional Development and Communication on 29 June 2020, is installed at Berth 6 (closest to Sydney Airport). Patrick's terminal lighting has been designed and installed to comply with the requirements of the Development Consent (see Development Consent clauses C2.23 and C2.24 above) Quay Cranes are fitted with obstruction lights which operate on a 24/7 basis. The terminal (including the buildings and roads) utilises energy efficient lighting, and the windows of the new buildings are tinted. 2023 – Status: No change	Predicted

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	30 - Operational Aviation Issues		
30.5.2	Mitigation Measures – Light Spill		
	 lighting on board ships whilst berthed to be provided primarily by the shuttle boom quay cranes with supplementary lighting on board only being provided where necessary; 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Maritime Order 32 Schedule 1 (2) lighting requires adequate lighting during loading or unloading activities.	Predicted
	 ships to be berthed facing a specific direction (e.g. north or south) and to only use floodlights mounted on the bridge. The 	Routinely vessels will be loaded/unloaded at night and require sufficient lighting to undertake the operations.	
	 appropriateness of this option could be tested by CASA through a flyover of the existing Brotherson Dock; and provide restrictive temporary shielding to any permanent ship mounted floodlights whilst the ship was docked. 	When vessels are not under stevedore operations, the Quay Crane lights (except the beacon lights) will be switched off to minimise the light glare or distraction to aeroplane pilots.	
	mounted hoodilghts whilst the ship was docked.	2023 – Status: No change.	
Chapter	32 - Emergency and Incident Management		
32.1	Introduction		
	The future operator(s) of the new terminal, with advice from Sydney Ports Corporation, would prepare an ERIMP to manage these potential emergencies prior to the new terminal commencing operations. The purpose of the ERIMP would be to provide an organised and practised response to incidents and emergency situations to protect employees, the public and the environment.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Incident Management and Investigation Procedure formed Appendix I to the OEMP. The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) and Emergency Response Procedures (November 2015) have been developed and attached to the OEMP as Appendix N and approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)).	Predicted
		2023 – Status: The current OEMP (dated 22 September 2024) and the Emergency Response Plan (dated 23 September 2023).	

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	32 - Emergency and Incident Management		
32.2.4	Specific Sub-Plans		
	Spill Containment and Management The proposed new terminal would be equipped with emergency response equipment typically comprising absorbent materials, absorbent pads to block drainage points and protective equipment consisting of gloves, rubber boots, eye protection etc.	2023 – Status: Spill Kits are situated in key locations around the terminal including the Maintenance Workshop. Spill Container - containing additional absorbent materials, PPE and spill cleaning equipment is located near the entrance to the quay line, accessible to maintenance and operations staff in an emergency. Maintenance's Break Down Truck is equipped with a spill kit. Spill kits are located in designated locations on site including the Maintenance workshop, refuelling bays and diesel storage tank-tainers. Spill Trailer - located on the quay line with a Mafi ITV attached, from this location the spill trailer can be more easily deployed.	Predicted
Chapter	33 - Water and Wastewater		
33.2	Water Usage		
33.2.1	Operation Water used for operational activities that do not require potable water, would be sourced from treated surface water runoff stored in two 10,000 L tanks at the northern end of the new terminal. Operational reuse of this water would include maintenance activities, wash down and irrigation.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick installed rainwater collection and storage tanks: • 2 x 10,000 litre tanks alongside the Maintenance Workshop; and • 2 x 10,000 litre tanks alongside Tower/Administration building. At both locations, the stored water is used for the single purpose to flush toilets/urinals.	Predicted
		2023 – Status: No change.	

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2022	Assessment Rating 2022
Chapter	33 - Water and Wastewater		
33.3	Wastewater		
33.3.2	Operation All trade waste generated during the operation of the new terminal would discharge to the Sydney Water Corporation sewerage system under a Trade Waste Agreement. The Trade Waste Agreement would determine the level of treatment required prior to discharge. All areas where wash down or maintenance activities are to be undertaken would be bunded and provided with sump pits, grit traps and oil/water separators. This would also be the case for any additional bunded storage areas, such as those used for refuelling and fuel storage. Water collected in these areas would be tested and disposed	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Sydney Waters Consent to Discharge Industrial Trade Wastewater (No. 24990) was issued to Patrick on 20 May 2019. Routine monitoring and testing are carried out by a 3 rd party and the results reported to Sydney Water and Patrick. Two wash bays are located within a roofed and bunded area within the Maintenance Workshop. A single wash bay is in operation whereby wastewater is collected in a pit with a separator unit for oil/water, pumped to the Auto Batch Unit and passed through filter aid material to trade waste. The second wash bay is not connected to the trade waste and therefore not used.	Predicted
33.5	to the sewerage system, or if unsuitable for disposal to sewer would be disposed offsite by a licensed waste disposal contractor. Water and Wastewater Management	2022 – Status: No change	
33.5	 The following mitigation measures would be adopted for the proposed Port Botany Expansion: water use and wastewater discharge at the site would be subject to a Water Resources Management Plan (WRMP), which would form part of the construction and operational EMPs. These plans would include water minimisation strategies as well as monitoring and testing schedules for wastewater as required; clean, treated stormwater would be collected in two 10,000 L water storage tanks at the northern end of the new terminal to allow reuse for maintenance, wash down and irrigation; dual flushing toilets, minimal flow shower heads and regular maintenance to identify leaking or dripping taps and pipes would be implemented during construction and operation; monitoring and testing would be undertaken prior to discharge of treated wastewater, to ensure compliance with the site Trade Waste Agreement. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick installed 10,000 litre water collection and storage: 2 x tanks alongside the Maintenance Workshop; and 2 x tanks adjacent to the Tower/Administration building. At both locations, the stored water is used for the single purpose to flush toilets / urinals. Dual-flushing toilets and minimal flow shower heads have been installed. Any leaking or dripping taps and pipes is repaired as soon as they have been identified. 2023 – Status: A new consent was issued by Sydney Water. Monitoring and testing is in line with Sydney Water's Consent to Discharge Industrial Trade Wastewater (Ref No: 24990, 19 June 2023). The OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) includes section 6.11 - Energy and Resource Management Plan.	Predicted

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Section	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion	Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	34 - Waste		
34.4	Waste Management and Disposal		
34.4.2	Operational Waste An Operational WMP would be developed and implemented for the new terminal in accordance with the requirements of the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001, the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the EPA's Environmental Guidelines: Assessment, Classification & Management of Liquid & Non-Liquid Wastes (1999), the Botany Bay DCP 29 and the National Minimisation and Recycling Strategy. The plan would be incorporated into the Operational EMP for the terminal. Domestic Waste Recycling facilities would be provided at the new terminal and in public recreation areas to maximise recycling of waste materials such as plastic and glass bottles/containers, aluminium cans and paper/cardboard. Separate bins would be provided for food waste and fish remains from fish cleaning facilities in the public recreation area. All domestic waste would be collected on a regular basis and transported off site for disposal to a licensed landfill or recycling facility as appropriate. Litter bins would be designed in accordance with the bird hazard guidelines.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Waste Management Plan (WMP) formed Appendix G to the OEMP was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). Patrick has an Environmental Protection Licence (EPL 6962) for Chemical Storage. 2023 – Status: Domestic Waste - Paper and cardboard are placed in the appropriate recycling bins and collected by Veolia Environmental Services. All domestic waste is collected on a regular basis and transported off site for disposal to a licensed landfill. Maintenance Material - Waste oil and fluids collected in the plant washdown area in the Maintenance Workshop are removed—oily rags, waste oil and fluids are pumped out from the collection units as required and transported by Cleanaway to an appropriate licenced liquid waste treatment facility and recycled were possible. Scrap metal, used parts, components and machinery are recycled where practicable. Hazardous Waste Transport - Hazardous waste is removed from site	Predicted
	Maintenance Material Waste oils and fluids from maintenance activities may be classified under	using licensed contractors with the applicable waste transport certificates maintained.	
	the POEO Act as being Hazardous, Industrial or Group A Waste. The management of these substances may need to be regulated by an EPA	Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan.	
	Environment Protection Licence which would be obtained by the terminal operator(s). It is expected that these materials would be collected and stored in proprietary facilities and either be reused onsite	Environmental inspections are routinely carried out, waste storage areas are part of the inspection.	
	or removed by a licensed waste contractor. Scrap metal, used parts, components and machinery would be recycled where practicable.	The volume and type of waste generated and removed from the site is recorded in the terminal Waste Register.	

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Section	PBE Environment In	PBE Environment Impact Statement - Prediction / Conclusion				Environmental Impact Assessment / Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
Chapter	Chapter 35 - Energy						
35.3	Operational Phase						
	The estimated annual energy is presented in Table 35.2:	consumptio	n over the o	perational li	fe of the project	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Auto Straddles are slower and use more fuel than the former fleet of manually	Predicted
		2010	2015	2020	2025	operated straddles. They also take longer routes to move	
	Projected Throughput (TEUs)	320,000	800,000	1,000,000	1,200,000	containers around the yard hence utilising more fuel due to	
	Estimated consumption of electricity (MWh)	10,000	17,000	21,000	25,000	greater engine hours.	
	Estimated consumption of diesel fuel (litres)	1,462,400	3,656,000	4,570,000	5,484,000	2023 – Status: No change.	
35.4	Energy Conservation and Ma	nagement					
	A key component of achieving energy conservation would be the development of an Energy Management Action Plan. This plan would be included as part of the Construction and Operational EMPs.			the Cons	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Energy Management Plan was included as part of the Construction EMP and OEMP. 2023 – Status: OEMP (dated 22 September 2023) section 6.11 Energy and Resources Management Plan.		
35.4.2	Operational Phase The following mitigation measures would be implemented during site operations and would be detailed in the Operational EMP to achieve energy efficiencies: • Energy Efficient Design • Energy Efficient Equipment • Energy Efficient Work Scheduling and Practice			Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick installed energy efficient systems in new buildings including low energy lighting, climate control air-conditioning with sensors in zones on each floor. External walls in the Tower/Administration and Maintenance Buildings are predominately fitted with large glass windows allowing additional light into the buildings (these glass windows are fitted with blinds and block-out blinds to control heat and light). The Auto Straddles are powered using diesel and electricity and replaced manually operated straddles which were solely fuelled by diesel. 2023 – Status: No change.		Predicted	

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Appendix D: Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

Table D.1 - Assessment Predicted Ratings and Compliance with EPBC 2002/543

Term	Definition
EPBC	Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999
Compliant	Complies with all requirements of the condition(s).
Observation	A situation observed during the audit that provides an opportunity for improvement or is not necessarily best practice or requires further consideration.
Non-Compliant	Does not fully comply with all requirements of the condition. These are categorised as minor or major, depending on the severity of the non-compliance.
Not Applicable	Not applicable

Table D.2 - EPBC 2002/543, Annexure 1 (3 January 2006) Audit Checklist - Predictions and Conclusions

Annexure 1 Item	EPBC - Approval Requirement	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
1	The person taking the action must construct the port expansion involving the creation of the four additional shipping berths, the provision of road, rail and terminal infrastructure and the enhancement of public and ecologically significant areas, in accordance with the site plan shown at ANNEXURE 2 of this approval.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): NSW Ports received a letter (4 February 2016) from the DPE stating the Post-Construction Completion Compliance Report for the Knuckle and Ramp D (dated 15 December 2015) was satisfactory. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
2	Prior to the commencement of construction, the person taking the action must inform the Minister how radar and air navigation issues associated with the port expansion has have been resolved to the satisfaction of Airservices Australia.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Not relevant to Patrick's operations. Sydney Port Corporation (SPC) Audit Reports indicate that SPC received information from Department of Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts (DEWHA – dated 2 July 2007) that this condition has been satisfactorily addressed. 2032 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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Annexure 1 Item	EPBC - Approval Requirement	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
3	The person taking the action must be prepare and submit for the Minister's approval a habitat enhancement plan for Penrhyn Estuary to manage impacts on listed migratory bird species during the construction and operation of the new port facilities at Port Botany. The plan must address the matters listed below and state the environmental objectives, performance criteria, monitoring, reporting, corrective action, responsibility and timing for each of these matters: a) A detailed description of habitat enhancement works including methodology and staging of works; b) Habitat management and maintenance measures; c) A habitat monitoring programme; d) Measures to detect and respond to issues identified in the habitat monitoring programme; and e) Reporting requirements that include protocols to inform the Minister of relevant issues, milestones, and the results of surveys and studies. The action must not commence until the plan has been approved. The approved plan must be implemented.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Penrhyn Estuary Habitat Enhancement Plan (PEHEP), March 2007, was implemented by Sydney Ports Corporation prior to the construction of "the Knuckle" (Port Botany Expansion) at Patrick's Terminal. Ongoing monitoring and reporting in accordance with the PEHEP (March 2007) can be found on the Port Authority of New South Wales (formerly SPC) website: https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhyn-estuary-rehabilitation/ 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
4	Should the person taking the action wish to amend or change the habitat enhancement plan approved under paragraph 3, a revised version of the plan must be submitted to the Minister for approval. If the Minister approves such a revised plan, the plan must be implemented in place of the plan as originally approved.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Not relevant to Patrick operations – no revisions have been made by NSW Ports to the initial PEHEP, the same revision is available (March 2007). 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
5	If the Minister believes that it is necessary or desirable for the better protection of the environment to do so, the Minister may request the person taking the action to make specified revisions to a plan or plans approved pursuant to paragraphs 3 or 4, and to submit the revised plan for the Minister's approval. The person taking the action must comply with any such request. If the Minister approves a revised plan pursuant to this condition, the person taking the action must implement that plan instead of the plan as originally approved.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick has not received any request from the Minister to make any revisions to the plans. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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Annexure 1 Item	EPBC - Approval Requirement		Assessment Rating 2023	
6	The habitat enhancement plan required under paragraph 3 must be reviewed and resubmitted to the Minister for approval every five years or as otherwise agreed by the Minister. The resubmitted plan must incorporate the relevant results of the independent audit report required under paragraph 7.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Not relevant to Patrick operations – the PEHEP was implemented by SPC in March 2007 and is available on the Port Authority of New South Wales website at the time of this report. https://www.portauthoritynsw.com.au/sustainability-and-environment/penrhynestuary-rehabilitation/ 2023 – Status: No change.		Compliant
7	After construction of the new port facilities at Port Botany has been completed, and every five years thereafter or as otherwise agreed by the Minister, the person taking the action must ensure that an independent audit of compliance with the conditions of approval for the new port facilities at Port Botany, and the effectiveness of measures to mitigate impacts on listed migratory bird species, is carried out. The independent auditor must be accredited by the Quality Society of Australasia, or such other similar body as the Minister may notify in writing. The audit criteria must be agreed by the Minister within six months of the fifth anniversary of completion of construction of the new port facilities at Port Botany, and within 6-months of every 5 th anniversary thereafter.		Background ex Patrick (do not remove): For compliance purposes Patrick's site was deemed operation as of 4 February 2016 and as such this condition will be required to be enacted every five years after construction i.e. 2020/2021. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
8	By 1 July of each year after the date of this approval or otherwise agreed by the Minister, the Chief Executive Officer of Sydney Ports Corporation must provide written certification that Sydney Ports Corporation has complied with the conditions of this approval.		Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Responsibility of NSW Ports Port Authority NSW. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
9	If, at any time after 5 years from the date of this approval, the Minister notifies Sydney Ports Corporation in writing that the Minister is not satisfied that there has been substantial commencement of construction of the action, construction of the action must not thereafter be commenced.		Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The approval was issued to the then Sydney Port Corporation (SPC) on 3 January 2006 and construction of the Port Botany Expansion project commenced in May 2008 (i.e., within the 5-year time frame). Not relevant to Patrick's operations. 2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable

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Appendix E: Environmental Protection Licence – EPL 6962 (issued 1 September 2020)

Table E.1 - EPL, Assessment Rating

Category	Definition
Compliant	Complies with all requirements of the condition.
Observation	Observed during the assessment which provides an opportunity or is not necessarily best practice or requires further consideration.
Non-Compliant	Does not fully comply with all requirements of the condition, categorised as 'Minor' or 'Major' depending on the severity.
Not Applicable	Either there are no compliance issues, was not applicable at the time of assessment, or is not the responsibility of Patrick.

Table E.2 - EPL 6962 (dated: 1 September 2020)

Condition No.		EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
1	Administrative Condi	tions			
A1	What the licence author	rises and regulates			
A1.1	This licence authorises to activities are listed accomperation. Unless otherwise further exceed the maximum so	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant		
	Schedule Activity	Fee Based Activity	Scale		
	Chemical Storage	General chemicals storage	0-5000 kL storage capacity		
	Waste storage				
	Waste storage	Waste storage – other types of waste	Any other types of waste stored		
A2.2	The licence applies to the Patrick Port Botany Con Penrhyn Road, Banksmeadow NSW 2019 (LOT 202 DP 1183399, L	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant		

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
А3	Other activities		
A3.1	This licence applies to all other activities carried on at the premises, including: • Ancillary Activities: Shipping Facilities	2023 – Status: No change	Compliant
A4	Information supplied to the EPA		
A4.1	 Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence. In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to: a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998</i>; and b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence. 	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
2	Discharges to Air and Water and Applicable Land		
P1	Location of monitoring / discharge points and areas		
P1.1	The following utilisation areas referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.	Nil table provided in P1.1.	Not Applicable
3	Limit Conditions		
L1	Pollution of waters		
L1.1	Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.</i>	2023 – Status: In total 15 x environmental events recorded in the incident management systems; none required to be reported to EPA. None of the incidents within the register indicated a breach of s120 of the POEO Act.	Compliant

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ndition No.			EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail			Evidence 2023
	Waste					
L2.1	the was any, in Any wa to that premise contain	stes expressly referred to the column titled "Descriptions and the premister received at the premistre in the column titles is subject to those limited."	ermit or allow any waste to be report in the column titled "Waste" aription" in the table below. In this is a substantial to the self of the self or conditions, if any, referre "Other Limits" in the table belownce.	and meeting the de activities referred to . Any waste receive d to in relation to the	o in relation d at the nat waste	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Containers received on the terminal, may include hazardous waste cargo which will be managed on a case-by-case basis. In the event of waste being received - Patrick and the Owner of the waste (or their shipping agent) shall separately approach the Port Authority NSW and NSW Ports and seek approval for the storage and shipment of the designated waste.
	Code	Waste	Description	Activity	Other Limits	When the shipping line has approval from the Port Authority NSW to use a specific vessel to carry the waste, and Patrick has approval to store the waste on the terminal and load the approved vessel. The Port Authority NSW shall liaise with the Police and FRNSW Hazmat to cover off any specific community related issues.
	NA	Any waste type over the threshold of Schedule 1 pf the POEO Act that is not otherwise listed in this table		Waste storage		
	NA	General or Specific exempted waste	Waste that meets all the conditions of a resource recovery exemption under Clause 92 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation 2014	As specified in each particular resource recovery exemption	NA	Once approvals have been received (via email), the shipping line / agent will work with Patrick to make the necessary arrangements for the waste to be received into the terminal and loaded onto the designated vessel within the agreed dwell times etc.
	NA	Waste	Any waste received on site that is below licensing thresholds in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, as in force from time to time	-	NA	2023 – Status: No change.

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
L2.2	Waste must not be stored on the premises in quantities exceeding any licensing threshold under Schedule 1 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , except for the purposes of transfer through the premises' shipping facilities.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noted. 2023 – Status: No change.	Complaint
L2.3	If any waste in quantities above licensing thresholds listed under Schedule 1 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> is (a) predicted to be stored on the premises for more than 7 days, or (b) has been stored on the premises for more than 7 days; then The licensee mist provide a written notification to the EPA that includes the following information, where available: 1) the dangerous goods class and NSW waste classification of the waste that is the subject of the notification; 2) the total quantity of the waste; 3) details of why the waste has been or is predicted to be stored on the premises for more than 7 days; 4) details of when the waste is expected to be removed from the premises; and 5) how the environmental risks associated with storage of the waste will be managed by the licensee.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noted. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
L2.4	 a) A notification for the purposes of complying with Condition L2.3 must be made within 48 hours of the licensee becoming aware of L2.3 (a) or (b). b) Notifications must be provided to the EPA via email at metro-regulation@epa,nsw.gov.au Note: The export, transit and import of hazardous wastes (as defined under the Hazardous Waste (Regulations of Exports and Imports) Act 1989) is subject to regulation by the Commonwealth Government. For further information, please see the Commonwealth Government's website at: https://www.environment.gov.au/protection/hazardous-waste 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noted. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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Condition No.		EPL 6962 (Conditions - De	tail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
3	Limit Conditions						
L3	Noise Limits						
	Noise from the premises must not exceed the noise limits presented in the Table below. Note the limits represent the noise contribution at the nominated receiver locations in the table.					monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in the current EPL 6962. The	Compliant
	Most affected residential Location	Day	Evening	Ni	ght	monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year.	
		L _{Aeq} (15 min)	L _{Aeq} (15 min)	L _{Aeq} (15 min)	L _{Aeq} , 9hrs	2023 – Status: Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2024), Section 6.6 – Operational Noise Management Plan. A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023.	
	Chelmsford Avenue	40	40	40	38		
	Dent Street	45	43	43	43		
	Jennings Street	36	36	36	35		
	Botany Road	47	43	43	45		
	Australia Avenue	35	35	35	35		
	Military Road	42	42	42	40		

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
L3.2	Noise from the premises must not exceed the not presented in the Table below. Note the limits recontribution at the nominated receiver location	epresent the noise	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in the current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year.	Compliant
	Most affected residential locations	Night LA1 (1min)	<u>2023 – Status:</u>	
	Chelmsford Avenue	53	Refer to the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2024), Section 6.6 –	
	Dent Street	55	Operational Noise Management Plan. A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	
	Jennings Street 55	55		
	Botany Road (North Golf Course)	55	November 2023 were sent to the LFA and NSW Forts.	
	Australia Avenue	55		
	Military Road	55		
	L _{A1} = A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded for 3	1% of the time		
L3.3	 For the purposes of Conditions L3.1 and L3.2: Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays. Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm on any day. Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays. 		Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in the current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year. Copies of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports are provided to the NSW EPA (and DPIE and NSW Ports). 2023 – Status: A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
L3.4	For the purposes of Condition L3.1, noise from the premises must be measured or computed at the most affected point on or within the residential boundary.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in the current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year. As part of biannual noise monitoring ambient noise monitoring is undertaken at the nearest potentially affected receivers in the vicinity of the site (i.e., Chelmsford Ave, Dent St, Jennings St, Botany Rd, Australia Ave, and Military Rd). Results from the unattended and attended noise monitoring are reported in the biannual report. 2023 – Status: A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant
L3.5	For the purposes of Condition L3.1, if a residential dwelling is located more than 30m from the residential boundary, noise from the premises must be measured or computed at the most affected point within 30m of the dwelling.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year. 2023 – Status: A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant
L3.6	Noise from the premises must be measured at 1m from the dwelling façade to determine compliance with the LA1(1minute) noise limits at Condition L3.2.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year. 2023 – Status: A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant
L3.7	The noise limits specified at Condition L3.1 and L3.2 apply under the following meteorological conditions: a) wind speeds up to 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level; and b) temperature inversion conditions of up to 1.5 degrees C/100m.	Background (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out in accordance with the conditions detailed in current EPL 6962. The monitoring is conducted by an independent acoustics engineer twice a year. 2023 – Status: A copy of the Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023 were sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023			
4	Operating Conditions					
01	Activities must be carried out in a competent manner					
01.1	Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner. This includes: a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.	 Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The terminal's Landside Manager is responsible for implementing the terminal's Standard Operating Procedure - Storage & Handling of Hazardous/Dangerous Goods. The Port Authority of NSW - DGs Unit conducts regular routine random inspections / audits. The process for collecting, storing and disposing of waste oil is: There are 4 collection stations inside the Maintenance workshop – 2x located in the North Bay and 2x located at the South Bay. The waste oil is pumped to designated 2 x 5,000L storage tanks located in the North Bay and South Bay. An agreement is in place with 3rd party contractors (e.g., Cleanaway) to collect used oil filters and waste oil fortnightly at nil cost (copy of Collection Advice sighted). Waste oil is recycled as an energy source. Note: used rags are no longer collected due to contamination of waste stream. Volumes of waste oil are not recorded by Patrick (invoices are kept by Purchasing Manager). Designated bins are in the Maintenance workshop for used oil filters. 2032 – Status: No change. 	Compliant			
02	Maintenance of plant and equipment					
O2.1	 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity: a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Maintenance operates a preventative maintenance program which is scheduled and carried out using Maximo for all plant and equipment. Environmental protection equipment (e.g., drain wardens, SQIDs) are included. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant			

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
О3	Dust		
03.1	The premises must be maintained in a condition which minimises or prevents the emission of dust from the premises.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Roadway sweeping along the wharf is conducted routinely; the site is covered in hardstand with minimal landscaped areas; any excavated material is removed from site as soon as practicable otherwise a covering is installed and maintained to secure the material and reduce dust emissions.	Compliant
		2023 Status:	
		Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.1 – Air Quality Management Plan.	
		During 2023, no complaints were received relating to the generating and emitting dust.	
04	Processes and management		
O4.1	The licensee must ensure that any liquid and/or non-liquid waste generated at the premises is assessed and classified in accordance with the EPA Waste Classification Guidelines as in force from time to time.	<u>Background ex Patrick (do not remove</u>): Waste classified as J120 (waste oil/water, hydrocarbons) is generated via the wastewater treatment process in the Maintenance workshop.	Compliant
		A Waste Register is maintained. Patrick uses the tax invoice provided by the licensed contractor to identify waste type (classification) and quantity.	
		Patrick receives a copy of the Waste Transport Certificate with the invoice. Dockets from licenced waste contractors (e.g., Veolia and Cleanaway) are maintained on site.	
		2023 – Status:	
		The process for waste classification and management is outlined in the current OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan.	
O4.2	The licensee must ensure that waste identified for recycling is stored separately from other waste.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Waste oil is recycled and stored separately from other waste in the maintenance department. A recycling program for paper/cardboard is in place at the terminal.	Compliant
		2023 – Status: No change.	

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
5	Monitoring and Recording Conditions			
M1	Monitoring records			
M1.1	The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.	2023 – Status: Noise monitoring is the only monitoring required by the applicable EPL (1 September 2020). Compliance with noise monitoring has been addressed in Conditions L3.1 to L3.7 above.	Compliant	
M1.2	All records required to be kept by this licence must be: a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form; b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them. The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence: a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken; b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected; c) the point at which the sample was taken; and d) the name of the person who collected the sample.	2023 – Status: Monitoring records are maintained in report format provided by Rodney Stevens Acoustics (independent acoustics engineers). Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports are available for May and November 2023, and copies sent to the EPA and NSW Ports. 2023 – Status: Noise monitoring data is recorded by Rodney Stevens Acoustics. The Noise Monitoring reports comply with this condition. Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports are available for May and November 2023, and copies sent to the EPA and NSW Ports.	Compliant	
M2	Recording of pollution complaints			
M2.1	The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.	2023 – Status: The process for managing complaints is documented in the OEMP (version 3, 2022), Section 4.6 – Handling Environmental Related Public Inquires, Comments and Complaints. A register for recording of complaints / feedback from the community has been included in this AEMR (2022), refer to Section 9.3 of this report (Public Comments, Inquiries & Complaints Register). A community feedback (complaints) report is issued each quarter.	Compliant	

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
M2	Recording of pollution complaints (Continued)		
M2.2	 The record must include details of the following: a) the date and time of the complaint; b) the method by which the complaint was made; c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect; d) the nature of the complaint; e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken. 	2023 – Status: The process for managing complaints is documented in the OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.6 – Handling Environmental Related Public Inquires, Comments and Complaints. A register for recording of complaints / feedback from the community has been included in this ACR (2023), refer to Section 9.3 of this report (Public Comments, Inquiries & Complaints Register). A community feedback (complaints) report is issued each quarter in 2023. Action: Fourth quarter for 2023 complaints report to be completed.	Compliant
M2.3	The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.	2023 – Status: The process for managing complaints is documented in the OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.6 – Handling Environmental Related Public Inquires, Comments and Complaints, details the retention period for complaint records.	Compliant
M2.4	The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.	2023 – Status: A community feedback (complaints) report is issued each quarter. A copy is sent to the EPA.	Compliant
M3	Telephone complaints line		
M3.1	The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.	2023 – Status: Patrick has a designated telephone number for reporting complaints i.e. (02) 9394 0308 which is diverted to the HSE Manager's mobile phone ensuring 24 hours 7 days a week cover.	Compliant

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
M3.2	The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.		ted telephone number for reporting complaints i.e. n is diverted to the HSE Manager's mobile phone days a week cover.	Compliant
M3.3	The preceding two conditions do not apply until 3 months after: the date of the issue of this licence.	I .	ck (do not remove): The preceding two conditions do on this after: the date of the issue of this licence. ange.	Compliant
6	Reporting Conditions			
R1	Annual returns documents			
R1.1	 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in to comprising: a Statement of Compliance, a Monitoring and Complaints Summary, a Statement of Compliance – Licence Conditions, a Statement of Compliance – Load based Fee, a Statement of Compliance – Requirement to Prepare Pollution Incidental Management Plan a Statement of Compliance – Requirement to Publish Pollution Mon a Statement of Compliance – Environmental Management Systems at the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee that must be completed and returned to the EPA. 	dent Response itoring Data; and and Practices.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Annual Return documents are prepared and submitted to the EPA by the Patrick. Annual Returns include a Statement of Compliance and a Monitoring and Complaints Summary, as required by this condition (Ref: Annual Returns 2005/2006 to the present day). 2023 – Status: The Annual Return for the period (1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023) was submitted to the EPA via eConnect EPA on the 24 April 2023, within the 60 days specified by this condition.	Compliant
R1.2	An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting periobelow.	d, except as provided	2023 – Status: The Annual Return for the period (1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023) was submitted to the EPA via eConnect <i>EPA</i> on the 24 April 2024, within the 60 days specified by this condition.	Compliant

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
R1.3	 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee: a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted; and b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick continues to be the EPA Licensee. The signatories have changed over time this does not affect compliance with this condition. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
R1.4	 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on: a) in relation to the surrender of a licence - the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or b) in relation to the revocation of the licence - the date from which notice revoking the licence operates. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): This licence has not been surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister. It is duly noted the licensee must prepare Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date as per this condition. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
R1.5	The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA via eConnect EPA or by registered post no later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence no later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').	2023 – Status Patrick lodged the 2022 Annual Return via eConnect EPA within the 60 days reporting period (i.e., 24 April 2023).	Compliant
R1.6	The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Patrick completes Annual Returns for the site and records dating from 2005/2006 are available on the Patrick computer drive. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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R2.2

Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany) 2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
R1.7	Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by: a) the licence holder; or b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder. Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period. Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Each year the Statement of Compliance is certified, and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary signed by the licence holder in the Annual Return for the reporting period. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
R2	Notification of environmental harm		
R2.1	Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Notifications to the EPA are made using the NSW EPA Pollution Incident Reporting Line – Ph. 131 555.	Compliant

2023 - Status: No change.

Plan (ERP) (dated 23 September 2023).

2023 - Status:

Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Written details of the notification

Reporting sets out reporting requirements, and the Emergency Response

to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.

The OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 4.4 – Environmental

Compliant

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Approved by:Terminal ManagerIssue Date:29 February 2024This document is uncontrolled when printed

The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the

authorities of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the

incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.

environment immediately after the person becomes aware of the

EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.

Note: The licensee or its employees must notify all relevant



Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
R3	Written report		
R3.1	Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that: a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence, and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Written reports have been provided to the NSW EPA either by Patrick or on request. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
R3.2	The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Written reports have been provided to the NSW EPA either by Patrick or on request. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
R3.3	 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information: a) the cause, time and duration of the event; b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event; c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event; d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort; e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants; f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and g) any other relevant matters. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Written reports have been provided to the NSW EPA either by Patrick or on request. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
R3.4	The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Written reports have been provided to the NSW EPA either by Patrick or on request. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
7	General Conditions		
G1	Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant		
G1.1	A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): A copy of EPL 6962 is available on the Patrick's website: https://patrick.com.au/environmental-monitoring/ 2023 - Status: No change.	Compliant

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ndition No.		EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail		Evidence 2023	Asse Rati
51.2	The licence must b	e produced to any authorised officer of the EPA wh	no asks to see it.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): A copy of EPL 6962 is available on the Patrick's website: https://patrick.com.au/environmental-monitoring/ 2023 - Status: No change.	Com
G1.3	The licence must be working at the prer	e available for inspection by any employee or agent nises.	t of the licensee	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): A copy of EPL 6962 is available on the Patrick's website: https://patrick.com.au/environmental-monitoring/ 2022 – Status: No change.	Com
G2	Other general cond	ditions			
G2.1	Completed Pollution Studies and Reduction Programs (PRPs)		Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The Pollution	Com	
	PRP	PRP Description Completed Date	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Studies and Reduction Programs listed in this licence condition relate to historic studies and programs which	
	Submit detailed report proposing options and a pre	Submit to the EPA a detailed report proposing options and a preferred option to prevent pollution of waters from activities undertaken on the site.	15-Oct-01	have been completed (e.g., wastewater treatment plant treating water from the maintenance forecourt, which has since been covered). Details of the studies and programs have been previously submitted to the EPA. 2023 – Status: No change.	
	Stormwater Risk Assessment	To identify any potential risks to stormwater or local marine receiving environments posed by operation of the premises and provide recommendations for addressing any such identified risks.	01-Apr-13		
		D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22.1442		
	Stormwater Improvement Action Plan	Prepare a plan detailing the actions and timeframes that will be undertaken by the licensee to improve the quality of stormwater discharges to meet licence conditions.	23-May-13		

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Sydney Autostrad Terminal (Port Botany) 2023 - Annual Environmental Management Report (DA-494)

Condition No.	EPL 6962 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
8	Special Conditions		
E1	Noise Monitoring and Compliance Reporting		
E1.1	 The licensee must undertake noise monitoring as follows: a) The noise monitoring must be undertaken within 6 months of the commencement of operations on the new extension - Lot 202, DP 1183399; and b) The noise monitoring must verify the assumptions and the noise limits as outlined in the Port Botany Container Terminal Expansion Noise Assessment (2003), part of the Environment Impact Assessment submitted in accordance with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 for the approved container terminal development. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Noise Monitoring Reports (Rodney Stevens Acoustics) reference EPL Condition E1 (Page 6). Conditions E1.1 and E1.2 are also referenced in the noise monitoring report (Section 3 EPL (Noise)). The Port Botany Container Terminal Expansion Noise Assessment (2003) is also referenced in the Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports. 2023 – Status: Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports are available for May and November 2023.	Compliant
E1.2	Every 6 months after the commencement of operations of the new extension - Lot 202, DP 1183399, the Licensee must undertake a periodic noise monitoring program consisting of the attended and unattended monitoring and provide a report within one month after the completion of the monitoring to the EPA's Manager, Sydney Industry at PO Box 668 Parramatta NSW 2124 containing the following information: a) Unattended monitoring data for a continuous period of no less than two weeks; b) Attended monitoring data during the period outlined in subsection (a); c) Monitoring data from locations specified in Conditions L3.1 and L3.2; d) An assessment of the noise levels against Condition L3 including trend analysis; and e) Details of any feasible and reasonable noise mitigation measures that have been or are proposed to be implemented further reduce noise levels below the limits presCribed in this licence.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Biannual noise monitoring is carried out by an independent acoustics engineer every 6-months per reference EPL Condition E1 (Page 6). Conditions E1.1 and E1.2 are also referenced in the noise monitoring report (Section 3 EPL (Noise)). 2023 – Status: Biannual Noise Monitoring Compliance Reports for May and November 2023.	Compliant

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Appendix F: Consent to Discharge Industrial Trade Wastewater – No. 24990

Table F1: Trade Wastewater Consent, Assessment Rating

Category	Definition
Compliant	Complies with all requirements of the condition.
Observation	Observed during the assessment which provides an opportunity or is not necessarily best practice or requires further consideration.
Non-Compliant Does not fully comply with all requirements of the condition, categorised as 'Minor' or 'Major' depending on the severity.	
Not Applicable	Either there are no compliance issues, was not applicable at the time of assessment, or is not the responsibility of Patrick.

Table F2: Trade Waste Consent No. 24990 (Issued 19 June 2023)

No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	SCHEDULE 1 - Trade Wastewater which May be Discharged		
1	Trade wastewater substances		
	 (a) The Customer may discharge trade wastewater into the Sewer in a manner whereby the substance characteristics of the trade wastewater are of a type and discharged at a rate, level or concentration equal to or less than that described in this schedule. (b) The Customer must not discharge trade wastewater into the Sewer in a manner whereby the trade wastewater discharged; i. contains, possesses or produces a substance characteristic not provided in, or which may be determined as being contrary to that described in this schedule. ii. is at or of a rate, level, or concentration not provided in, or which may be determined as being contrary to, that described in this schedule. • BOD: LTADM: 15kg/day; MDM: 27kg/day; Standard: [blank] • Suspended Solids: LTADM: 1.4kg/day; MDM: 4.8kg/day; Standard: 600kg/day • Grease: LTADM: 0.8kg/day; MDM: 3.5kg/day; Standard: 110kg/day • Petroleum Hydrocarbons Flammable (C6-C9): LTADM: [blank]; MDM: [blank]; Standard: 10kg/day • Volatile Halocarbons: LTADM: [blank]; MDM: [blank]; Standard: 1kg/day 	2023 – Status: For the management of trade waste at the site, refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan. Chain of Custody (CoC) records from the third party engaged by Sydney Water are available. Samples were submitted for the analysis of the parameters required by the consent. Laboratory Certificates of Analysis area also available for review.	Compliant

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	RECONCILIATION PROCEDURES: LONG TERM AVERAGE DAILY MASS: The Long Term Average Daily Mass is a 12 month arithmetic average of ALL daily mass discharges as calculated for each composite sample. The Daily Mass discharges is to be calculated for each of the above substances and checked against the Long Term Average Daily Mass (kg/day) on the basis of average concentrations of substances discharges (mg/L) over any 24 hour period as determined from composite samples, obtained by either the Customer (in accordance with Schedule 2) or Sydney Water, or a combination of sample results by both.	2023 – Status: Eurofins ((Environmental Testing Australia Pty Ltd) (approved by Sydney Water) is engaged by Patrick, reports the monitoring results directly to Sydney Water who calculates the rate of waste discharged which is then used by Sydney Water for billing purposes.	Compliant
	This average concentration (mg/L) is to be multiplied by the total discharge (kL) as recorded by the Customer's discharge flow meter over the 24 hour period in order to calculate the Daily Mass of substances discharged (kg). Exceeding the Long Term Average Daily Mass does not constitute a Breach.		
	ACCEPTANCE STANDARD: The Composite Sample Concentration is to be determined for each of the above substances and checked against the above Acceptance Standard (mg/L) for each sample obtained. Exceeding the Acceptance Standard constitutes a Breach and will also incur an increased Quality Charge as detailed in Schedule 3. The Discrete Sample Concentration is to be determined for each of the substances identified at Schedule 2, 2(b) and checked against the above Acceptance Standard (mg/L) for each sample obtained. Exceeding the Acceptance Standard constitutes a Breach.	2023 – Status: Conducted by the Eurofins (approved by Sydney Water, engaged by Patrick to manage trade waste sampling, collection and testing etc) e.g. laboratory reports.	Compliant
	MAXIMIM DAILY MASS: The Daily Mass discharged is to be calculated for each of the above substances and checked against the above Maximum Daily Mass (kg/day) on the basis of average concentrations of substances discharged (mg/L) over any 24 hour period as determined from composite samples, obtained by either the Customer (in accordance with Schedule 2) or Sydney Water, or a combination of sample results by both. This average concentration (mg/L) is to be multiplied by the total discharge (kL) as recorded by the Customer's discharge flow meter over the 24 hour period in order to calculate the Daily Mass of substances discharged (kg). Exceeding the Maximum Daily Mass constitutes a Breach.	2023 – Status: Eurofins reports the monitoring results directly to Sydney Water who calculates the rate of waste discharged which is then used by Sydney Water for billing purposes.	Compliant

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No.		TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail		Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
2	The trade wastewater discharge must at all times have the following properties				
	Temperature: Not to exceed 38 degrees Celsius. 2023 – Status: Conducted by Eurofins (a		2023 – Status: Conducted by Eurofins (approved	Compliant	
	Colour:	Determined on a system specific basis.		by Sydney Water, engaged by	
	pH:	Within the range 7.0 -10.0.		Patrick to manage trade waste	
	Fibrous material:	None which could cause an obstruction to Sydney Water's sewerage	ge system.	sampling, collection and testing	
	Gross solids (other than faecal):	A maximum linear dimension of less than 20 mm, a maximum cros of 6 mm and a quiescent settling velocity of less than 3 m/h.	ss section dimension	etc) e.g., laboratory reports.	
	Flammability:	Where flammable and/or explosive substances may be present, th demonstrate to the satisfaction of Sydney Water that there is no p explosions or fires occurring in the sewerage system. The flammab must never exceed 5% of the Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) at 25 deg	oossibility of bility of the discharge		
3	Rate of discharge of waste to sewer:				
	1, ,	charge 50 kilolitres	<mark>2023 – Status</mark> : No chang	e.	Compliant
	a chart recorder to the	EDURE: n applying these procedures is to be checked by the interface of Customer's flow metering equipment, or by the installation of ent by Sydney Water, for a minimum of 7 days.	2023 – Status : No chang	e.	Compliant
	SCHEDULE 2 – Samp	ing, Analysis, Flow Rates and Volume Determination			
1	The Customer must pr	ovide and make available for the purpose of sampling and analysis:			
	, ,			do not remove): Location of sampling opportunity appears as specified by Sydney Water.	Compliant
	(b) Equipment necessarian a flow proportiona	ary to allow collection of composite automatic samples on either I or time basis.	2023 – Status : No chang	e.	

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	SCHEDULE 2 – Sampling, Analysis, Flow Rates and Volume Determination			
2	The Customer is to undertake collection and analysis of samples in accordance with the schedule detailed below	v:		
	 (a) Composite samples are to be obtained: i. over one full production day by combining equal volumes taken at 1 kilolitre intervals. The volumes are to be such that at least 5,000 millilitres are obtained over the full day. The reading of the Flowmeter meter is to be obtained at the commencement and conclusion of the sampling day. ii. On 7 June 2019 and every 60 days thereafter. If trade wastewater is not discharged on this day, then the sample is to be taken on the next day that trade wastewater is discharged. Trade wastewater includes all non-domestic wastewater discharged to sewer from the premises, including cleaning waste. 	2023 – Status: Eurofins obtains and collects the composite samples on behalf of Patrick and arranges laboratory testing.	Compliant	
	 (b) Discrete samples are to be obtained as detailed below, and analysed according to the procedures and methods specified in Sydney Water's published analytical methods, to determine the concentrations or levels of the following substance characteristics: <u>pH:</u> at the start and finish of each sample day <u>Petroleum Hydrocarbons Flammable (C6-C9):</u> at the finish of each sample day <u>Volatile Hydrocarbons:</u> at the finish of each sample day 	2023 – Status: Eurofins obtains discrete samples on behalf of Patrick and arranges laboratory testing.	Compliant	
	 (c) Composite samples are to be analysed according to the procedures and methods specified in Sydney Water's published analytical methods, or methods otherwise agreed to and detailed hereunder, to determine the concentration or levels of the following substance characteristics: Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) Suspended Solids (SS) Grease 	2023 – Status: Eurofins obtains discrete samples on behalf of Patrick and arranges laboratory testing.	Compliant	
	(d) The Customer, or the laboratory contracted by the customer, is to submit results of analyses to Sydney Water within 21 days from the date the sample was taken. All analysis results are to be submitted on the sample analysis report provided as appendices 1 and 2 to this Consent or in such format as may be specified from time to time by Sydney Water.	2023 – Status: Eurofins sends a copy of the results directly to Sydney Water, and Patrick.	Compliant	
	(e) All data requested on the sample analysis report must be provided.	2023 – Status: Eurofins monitoring results report includes data requested by Sydney Water's Trade Waste Consent.	Compliant	

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	 (f) Sydney Water must be notified in writing within 7 days of: any failure to obtain samples in accordance with the provisions of Schedule 2; or any loss of any analytical data. Where data is unavailable, lost or not provided, the Quality Charge, as detailed in Schedule 3, will be assessed on the basis of the highest Composite Sample concentration recorded in the 12 months prior to the date of the missing sample data. 	analytical data. 2023 – Status: No change. detailed in e Sample	
3	Volume of Wastewater Discharged, Flow Metering System		
	The volume of wastewater discharged must be obtained from the reading of the total flow on the Customer's flow metering system. The rate of waste discharged is to be obtained by the reading of the instantaneous flow rate indicator on the Customer's flow metering system, or from any chart recorder interfaced to the Customer's flow metering system.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Eurofins reports the sampling details and monitoring results directly to Sydney Water who calculates the rate of waste discharged which is then used by Sydney Water for billing purposes. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	The flow metering system is to be calibrated at least annually at the Customer's expense, by a person or company approved by Sydney Water and a copy of the calibration certificates supplied to Sydney Water within one month of such certificate being received by the Customer.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The flow meter system is scheduled for annual calibration in the Engineering & Maintenance scheduling system, Maximo. 2023 – Status: The flowmeter (MAGFLO) was calibrated by Matic Plumbing Services (Vertifier – 083F5060) on the 6 July 2023.	Compliant
	If the Customer's flow metering system fails to record data for any period, Sydney Water is to be advised in writing by the Customer within 7 days of any such failure becoming known by the Customer. An estimate of any data not recorded is to be made as follows: Average of the waste discharges, registered for the four weeks before and/or after the failure to record.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): In the instance equipment fails, Patrick will report (within 7 days) the failure to Sydney Water and arrangements are made for additional sampling as required. 2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	SCHEDULE 3 - Payments			
	Refer to Page 8 to 10 of the current consent for details.	<u>2023 – Status</u> :	Compliant	
		No change.		
	SCHEDULE 4 – Additional Requirements			
1	Effluent Improvement Program			
	N/A	Noted	Not	
			Applicable	

2	Waste Management Program			
	The existing pre-treatment will result in the generation of 42 tonne per annum of waste substances in the form of a sludge containing generally solids. The waste substances are, and will continue to be disposed of, in compliance with the requirements of The Environment Protection Authority.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): An initial Waste Management Plan (WMP) formed Appendix G of the OEMP and was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan. Patrick engages licensed waste transport providers to collect any hazardous waste generated at the site (e.g., Maintenance Department) and disposed of at appropriately licensed facilities.	Compliant	
3	Other Requirements			
	 (a) A Backflow Containment Device must be installed and maintained at the water meter outlet/property boundary in line with Sydney Water's Responsibilities of Connected Customers Policy. (b) Backflow individual/zone protection is required on any tap located within 5m of the trade waste apparatus. 	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): A Backflow Protection (a sealed unit) Device is in place and tested annually by a plumbing contractor approved by Sydney Water and the results forwarded directly to Sydney Water. 2023 – Status: The Backflow Protection (a sealed unit) Device is in place and tested annually by Matic Plumbing Services Pty Ltd (Licence No. 106335c), approved by Sydney Water. The backflow containment device test was conducted on 7 July 2023 and the results forwarded directly to Sydney Water. Water taps located within 5 m of the trade waste system are being checked for a backflow valve.	Compliant	

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	SCHEDULE 5 – Apparatus, Plant and Equipment			
1	Existing			
	1 x 1,000 Litre batch tank 1 x 1,000 Litre line transfer tank 1 x 40 Litre caustic tank with Low Level Alarm 1 x Auto Batch 500 with Indexing belt and filter paper roll 1 x 200,000 Litre holding tank with pumps 1 x Danfos magnetic (Magflo) meter 1x Sample point SCHEDULE 6 – Special Conditions	2023 – Status: The apparatus, plant and equipment listed is present and operational.	Compliant	
	Proposed			
	N/A	2023 – Status: No change.	Not Applicable	
1	Dangerous Discharges			
	In this Schedule, the term 'may pose a danger to the environment, the Sewer or workers at a sewage treatment plant': (a) means an occurrence whereby matter is discharged to the Sewer which either alone or in conjunction with other matter discharged cannot be adequately treated or may cause corrosion or a lockage, explosion or the production of dangerous gases in the Sewer or may adversely affect the operation of a sewer or sewage treatment plant; and (b) includes, but not so as to restrict the generality of paragraph (a), matter or substances, which is or are: i. toxic or corrosive; ii. petroleum hydrocarbons; iii. heavy metals; iv. volatile solvents; v. phenolic compounds, vi. organic compounds.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): The initial Waste Management Plan (WMP) formed Appendix G of the OEMP and was approved by the Director-General on 25 March 2015 (refer to letter from Ms Karen Jones (DPE) to Mr Paul Jerogin (Lend Lease)). 2023 – Status: Refer to OEMP (dated 22 September 2023), Section 6.4 – Waste and Wastewater Management Plan. Patrick engages licensed waste transport providers to remove any hazardous waste generated at the site (e.g., Maintenance department) and disposed of at appropriately licensed facilities.	Compliant	

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
2	Unintended Discharges		
	(a) For purposes of avoiding unintended discharges to the Sewer or the stormwater drainage system, all matter and substances on the Premises must be processed, handled, moved and stored in a proper and efficient manner.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Spill kits are readily available with absorbent material to reduce the risk of entering sewer or the stormwater drainage system. Drain wardens are in key stormwater drains so that in an event of a spill/leak they can be turned from open to closed. 2023 – Status:	Compliant
		During 2023 spill kits were inspected on a routine basis and restocked; and drain wardens were routinely inspected.	
	(b) Any substance on the Premises which, if discharged to the Sewer, may pose a danger to the environment, the Sewer or workers at a sewage treatment plant or may harm any sewage treatment process must be handled, moved and stored in areas where leaks, spillages or overflows cannot drain by gravity or by automated or other mechanical means to the Sewer or the stormwater drainage system.	Background ex Patrick (do not remove): Fuel and lubricants are stored in bunded areas. Any potential spills or leaks have limited potential to enter the sewer or the stormwater drainage system. Spill kits are readily available with absorbent material to reduce the risk of entering sewer or the stormwater drainage system. Drain wardens are in key stormwater drains so that in an event of a spill/leak they can be turned from open to closed. 2023 – Status: During 2023 drain wardens were routinely inspected.	Compliant
3	Notification		
	In the event of a discharge of matter to the sewer that poses or may pose sewer workers at a sewage treatment plant the Customer must immediate (a) Malabar STP Control Room TEL: (02) 9931 8319 FAX: (02) 9931 8366 (b) Business Customer Services (8am to 5pm Mon to Fri) TEL: 1300 985 2 (c) Business Customer Services Emergency Contact (24 Hours) TEL: (02) 8	tely notify:	Compliant
	(d) Sydney Water Emergency Services TEL: 13 20 90		

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No.	TW Consent 24990 Conditions - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
4	Provision of Safe Access		
	The Customer shall provide safe access to Sydney Water employees visiting the site. In the event that unsafe conditions are identified the Customer must take reasonable steps to correct unsafe conditions and create safe access. Sydney Water employees must also comply with the Customer's safety policies and procedures and any directions from the Customer's staff while on the Customer's site.	2023 – Status: Visitors to site are signed in at the Patrick Security Office located at Gate B105) and while on the terminal escorted by a Patrick employee who have a current Maritime Security Identification Card (MSIC) and completed the site induction. Before any inspections / sampling is carried out the work area is inspected, any hazards identified are controlled and if required, work permits issued.	Compliant
5	Electronic Reporting of Sample Analysis Results		
	Sydney Water reserves the right to vary this consent to specify the option of reporting by electronic mail as outlined in Schedule 2, 2 (d)).	Noted	Compliant
	SCHEDULE 7 (Location Details)		
	Nil conditions	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	SCHEDULE 8 – Notices and Communication Addresses		
	Nil conditions	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	SCHEDULE 9 – Authorised Officers		
	Nil conditions	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	SCHEDULE 10 – Nominated Representatives		
	Nil conditions	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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Appendix G: Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule – Permit 40110

Table G1: Trade Wastewater Consent, Assessment Rating

Category	Definition
Compliant Complies with all requirements of the condition.	
Observation Observed during the assessment which provides an opportunity or is not necessarily best practice or requires further consideration.	
Non-Compliant Does not fully comply with all requirements of the condition, categorised as 'Minor' or 'Major' depending on the severity.	
Not Applicable	Either there are no compliance issues, was not applicable at the time of assessment, or is not the responsibility of Patrick.

Table G2: Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule – Permit No. 40110 (18 April 2019) for the site canteen

No.	Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule, Permit 40110 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023	
	Item 2			
	Business Activities: (generating trade waste) undertaken at the Premises			
	(AA32) – Patrick's staff canteen → 200 KL/year	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant	
	Item 3			
	Pre-Treatment: (equipment that is required at the premises to treat trade wastewater)			
	PIT 1 – 2,000 Litre boat type grease trap – New Patrick Stevedores Staff Canteen 2023 – Status: No		Compliant	
	Item 4			
	Not Applicable			
	Item 5			
	Sydney Water's Sewerage Treatment Plant for the Area:			
	Name: MALABAR	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant	
	Level of Treatment we provide: PRIMARY			

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No.	Trade Wa	stewater Discharge Schedule, Permit 40110 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Item 6		'	
	Discharge Point at the premis	es:		
	[Blank]		2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	Item 7			
	Sampling Point: (where the qu	uality of the wastewater may be checked)		
	[Blank]		2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	Item 8			
	General Requirements for ALI	trade wastewater discharged into sewer.		
			2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	CHARCTERISTICS	REQUIREMENT		
	Temperature	Not more than 38 Degrees Celsius		
	Colour	Not noticeable when diluted 100 times in clear water		
	Flammables	None to be discharged to sewer		
	рН	Between pH 7 (neutral) and pH 10 (alkaline)		
	Fibrous Material	None which could block our sewer		
	Solid Matter	Not longer the 20 millimetres, must not settle faster than 3 metres in an hour		
	Discrete Oil	None to be discharged to water		
	Item 9			
	Not Applicable			
	[Blank]		2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant

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No.	Trade Wastewater Disc	harge Schedule, Permit 40110 - Detail	Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023					
	Item 10								
	Cleaning Requirements for the equipment at the premises.								
	Item	Requirement	2023 – Status: Pit 1 – Boat Type Grease Trap: This was pumped out and	Compliant					
	(PIT DETAILS)	Must be serviced in accordance with wastesafe system, by a contractor; licenced by the Environment Protection Authority [EPA]	cleaned every 26 weeks during 2023.						
	PIT 1 BOAT TYPE GREASE TRAP – NEW – 2,000 LITRES	You need to have your grease trap pumped out and cleaned every 26 weeks commencing on 01/12/19							
	Item 11								
	Extra Requirements:								
	 N/A Backflow Prevention Containment Policy: Backflow Containment Device must be installed and maintained at the water meter outlet / property boundary in line with Sydney Water's Backflow Policy. Backflow individual/zone protection is required on any tap located within 5m of the trade waste apparatus. 		2023 – Status: The Backflow Protection (a sealed unit) Device is in place and tested annually by Matic Plumbing Services Pty Ltd (Licence No. 106335c), approved by Sydney Water. The backflow containment device test (Receipt No. 1186573) was conducted on 7 July 2023 and the results forwarded directly to Sydney Water. There is one water tap located within 5m of the Grease Arrestor, however it is connected to the recycle water from the water harvest tank – not town water supply.	Compliant					

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No.	Trade Wastewater Discharge Schedule, Permit 40110 - Detail				Evidence 2023	Assessment Rating 2023
	Item 12					
	What Sydney Water will charge	e you?				
	Type of Charge	Amount]	2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant
	Permit Fee	\$158.12				
			Commencement Date			
	Trade Wastewater Quality Charge	\$475.00 per year	1/04/19			
	# Wastesafe administration charge	\$112.48 per pit per year				
	(*) Please Note: Unless 30 days written notice is given advising any proposed changes to the business operations all Trade Waste charges continue to apply, and credits will not be issued. This written notice must be provided by email to businesscustomres@sydneywater.com.au or by fax to 1300 364 403.					
	Item 13					
	Contact:					
	BUSINESS CUSTOMER SERVICES			2023 – Status: No change.	Compliant	
	PHONE: 9616 2485					
	EMAIL: <u>businesscustomres@sydneywater.com.au</u>					
	WEB: <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u>					

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Appendix H: Management of Key Performance Areas

Table H: Key Performance Areas, Indicators, Goals and Results: 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023

Key Performance Area	Key Performance Indicator	KPI Goals	2023 Results
Air Quality	Dust and odour complaints expressed as the number of community complaints per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	O (Nil)
Aviation	Airport-related complaints including light-spill, radar interference; expressed as the number of aviation complaints per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	0 (Nil)
Operational Impacts	The number of times problem birds need to be actively managed at the Patrick's terminal, expressed as the number of bird hazard management events per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	O (Nil)
Noise and Complaints	Noise disturbances expressed as the number of community complaints or exceedances of the noise limits specified in Development Consent Condition C 2.6 during monitoring per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	O (Nil)
Operational Traffic	Traffic noise disturbance and traffic impacts such as congestion or trucks parking in residential streets, expressed as the number of traffic-related community complaints per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	O (Nil)
Water Quality	Number of times the Pollutant Concentration Limit is exceeded, expressed as pollution events per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	0 (Nil)
Dangerous Goods and Hazardous	Number of liquid spills or gas leaks during the handling of dangerous goods and hazardous substances, expressed as the number of incidents per 100,000 TEU	Zero per 100,000 TEU	0 (Nil)
Substances Cargo Management	Number of exceedances of the DG throughput limits specified in Development Consent DA 494 MOD 17, condition C 2.17 per 100,000 TEU (i.e. Berth 6) Note 1	Zero per 100,000 TEU	0 (Nil)

 $^{\text{Note 1}}$ – DA 494, MOD 17 was used as this condition remained current.

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